



PDA and RVOT Stenting: Who Needs an AP Shunt?

Damien Kenny, MD, MRCPCH, FACC, FSCAI, FPICS

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Dublin, Ireland



Mater Hospital Dublin





Disclosures

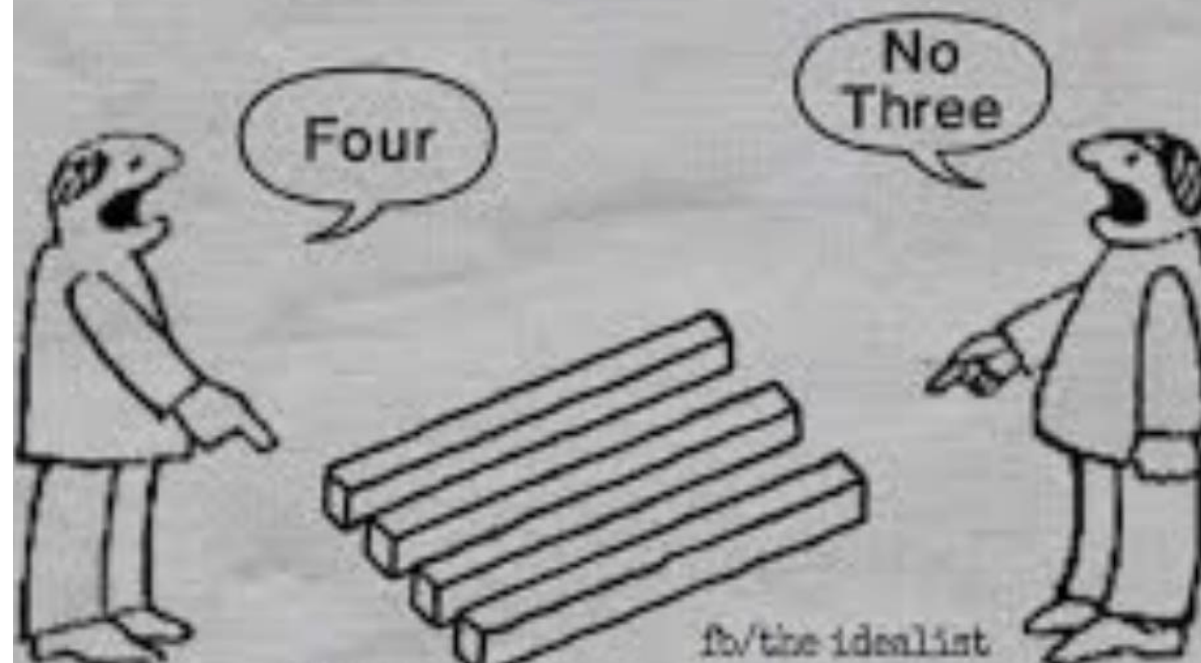
Consultant/Proctor

- Edwards Lifesciences
- Medtronic
- Occlutech
- Venus Medtech



"Everything we hear
is an opinion, not a fact.
Everything we see
is a perspective, not the truth."

- Marcus Aurelius





PDA and RVOT Stenting (in symptomatic neonates): Who Needs an AP Shunt? (nearly everyone and perhaps no-one)

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Mater Hospital Dublin





Questions

- Do we have a good indication?
- What are we trying to achieve?
- Do we have the expertise?
- What is the best approach?
- What patient specific factors need to be considered?

4 Types of Interventions

Well Indicated

Well Executed

Well Indicated

Poorly Executed

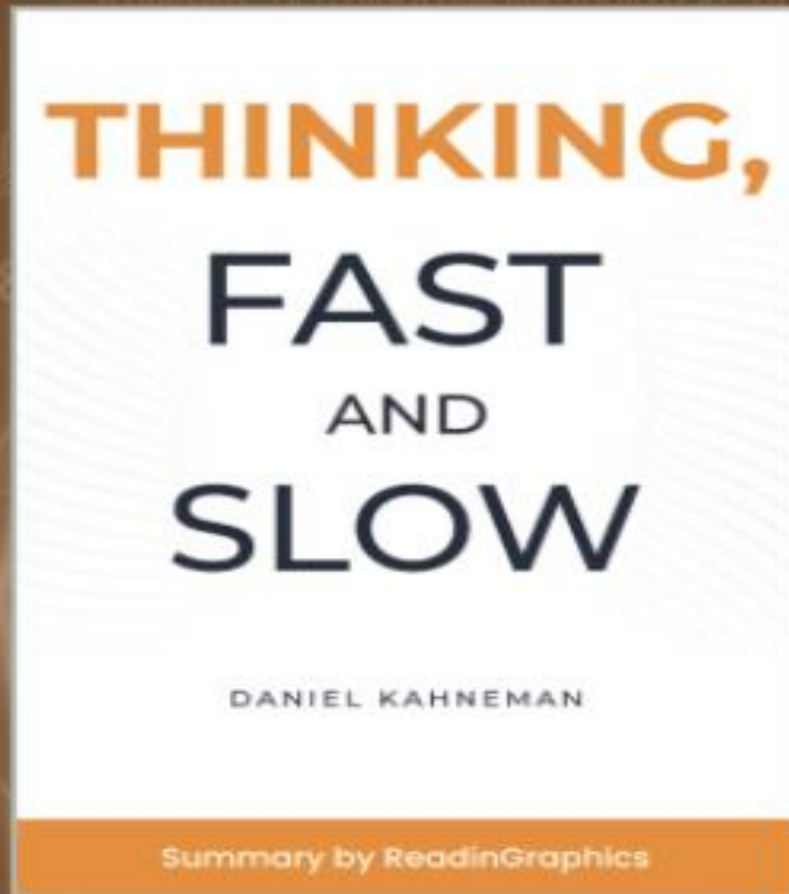
Poorly Indicated

Well Executed

Poorly Indicated

Poorly Executed

Decision Making



Thinking, Fast and Slow

Book Summary

"We humans constantly fool ourselves by constructing flimsy accounts of the past and believing they are true."

- Daniel Kahneman



READINGGRAPHICS
Ideas Come Alive

Cognitive Traps in Decision Making

- **Heuristics**

unconscious routines we use to enable us to cope with the complexity inherent in decision making

- Pattern Recognition on Angiography

- Countered by Systematic Disciplined Approach

- **Biases**

- Recommendations for Procedure
- Timing
- Borderline Indications
- Emergency Situations
 - Systems 1 Thinking
 - Systems 2 Thinking

- **Simulation**

Pediatr Cardiol (2018) 39:160–167

Pediatr Cardiol (2018) 39:1281–1289



The greatest threats to complex systems are the result of human
rather than technical failures.

Indications

Neonate	COR	LOE
For the symptomatic neonate with TOF where a decision has been made to perform a palliative surgical procedure, strategies to provide adequate pulmonary blood flow may reasonably include a systemic-to-pulmonary shunt, a right ventricular outflow tract patch, and a right ventricle-to-pulmonary artery conduit.	IIa	C-EO



Indications

AHA Scientific Statement

Indications for Cardiac Catheterization and Intervention in Pediatric Cardiac Disease

A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association

Endorsed by the American Academy of Pediatrics and Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Intervention

Timothy F. Feltes, MD, FAHA, Chair; Emile Bacha, MD; Robert H. Beekman III, MD, FAHA; John P. Cheatham, MD; Jeffrey A. Feinstein, MD, MPH; Antoinette S. Gomes, MD, FAHA; Ziyad M. Hijazi, MD, MPH, FAHA; Frank F. Ing, MD; Michael de Moor, MBBCh; W. Robert Morrow, MD; Charles E. Mullins, MD, FAHA; Kathryn A. Taubert, PhD, FAHA; Evan M. Zahn, MD; on behalf of the American Heart Association Congenital Cardiac Defects Committee of the Council on Cardiovascular Disease in the Young, Council on Clinical Cardiology, and Council on Cardiovascular Radiology and Intervention

(*Circulation* 2011;123:2607-2652.)

RVOT Stenting Indications

General Indications

- General considerations:
 - Indications that should strongly be considered:
 - High-risk symptomatic infants requiring pulmonary blood flow augmentation in the setting of tetralogy of Fallot or variants of RVOTO with VSD.
 - Indications that may be considered:
 - Standard risk symptomatic infants with tetralogy of Fallot or variants of RVOTO with VSD.
 - Standard risk asymptomatic infants with tetralogy of Fallot or variants of RVOTO with VSD with severe branch pulmonary stenosis (pulmonary artery z-score < -3)
- Procedure specific considerations:
 - A transcatheter approach should be strongly considered:
 - In high-risk infants who are poor candidates for either primary repair or surgical systemic to pulmonary shunting following discussion in a multidisciplinary team setting in conjunction with cardiothoracic surgery.

Age specific considerations

- In infants <2kgs, a hybrid transventricular approach to RVOT stenting may be considered.

Regional considerations

- Transcatheter therapy could be considered in patients in resource limited environments where access to surgical therapy may not be available.

Potential harm or lack of benefit

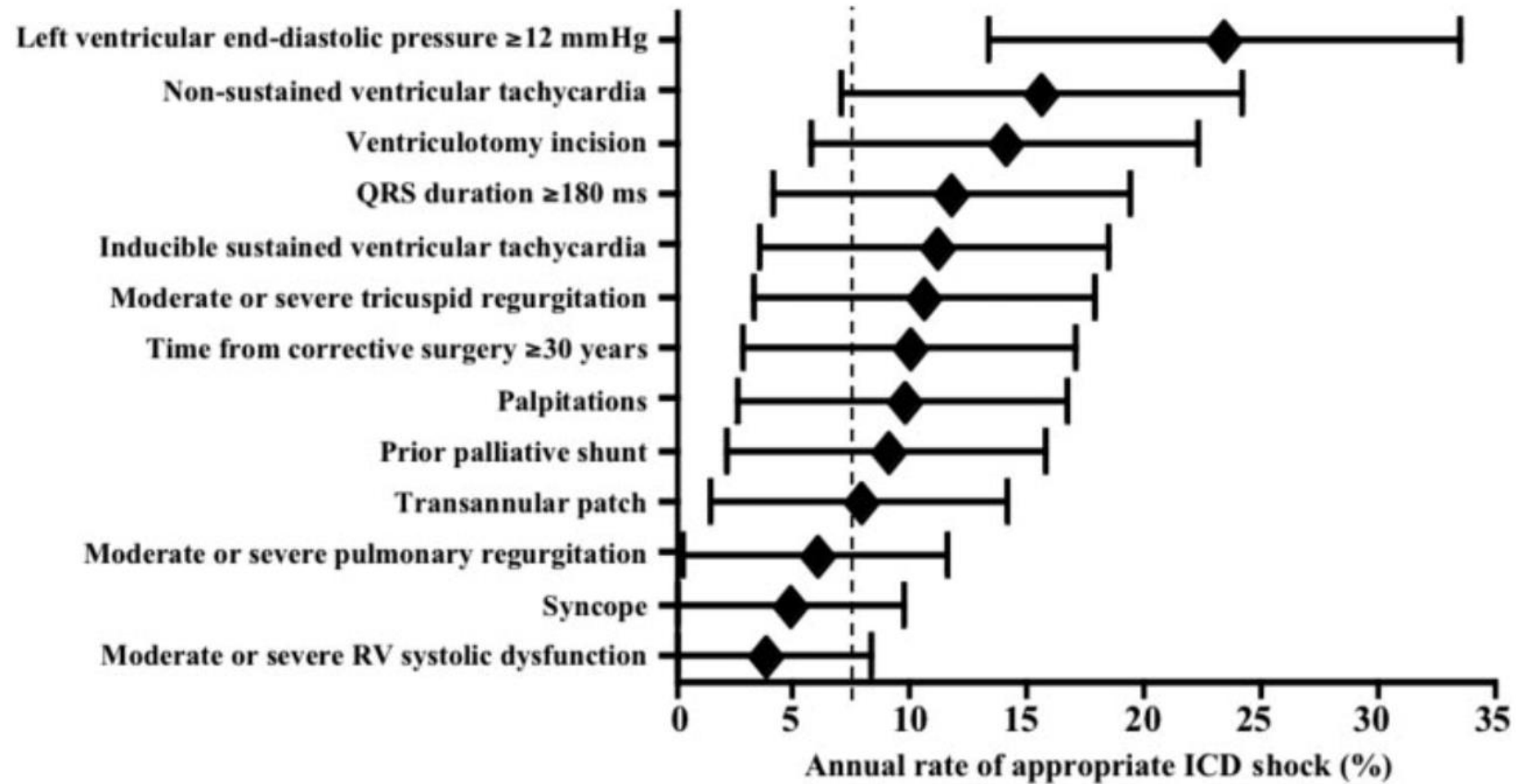
- Asymptomatic infants with tetralogy of Fallot or variants
- Malposed great arteries with mitral-pulmonary continuity
- Coronary artery compression

What Are We Trying to Achieve?

- Secure acceptable pulmonary blood flow
- Lowest possible 30 Day Mortality
- Branch pulmonary artery growth
- Low Reintervention Rates
- Preservation of native pulmonary valve
- Minimal PA Distortion
- Healthcare Costs/Resources?
- Longer-term Goals
 - Longest Event/Symptom Free survival
 - Least possible number of Re-interventions

Lifetime Management

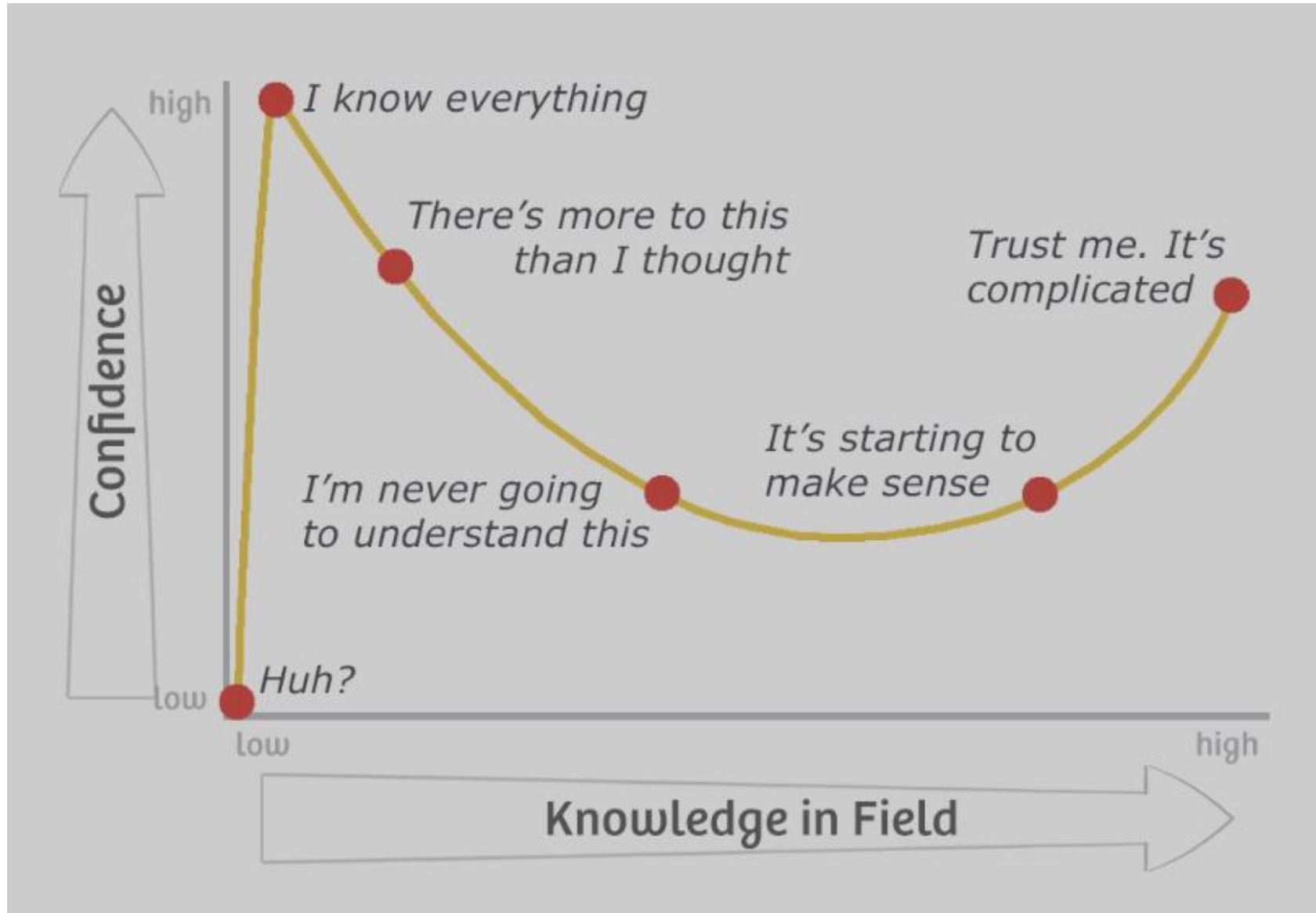


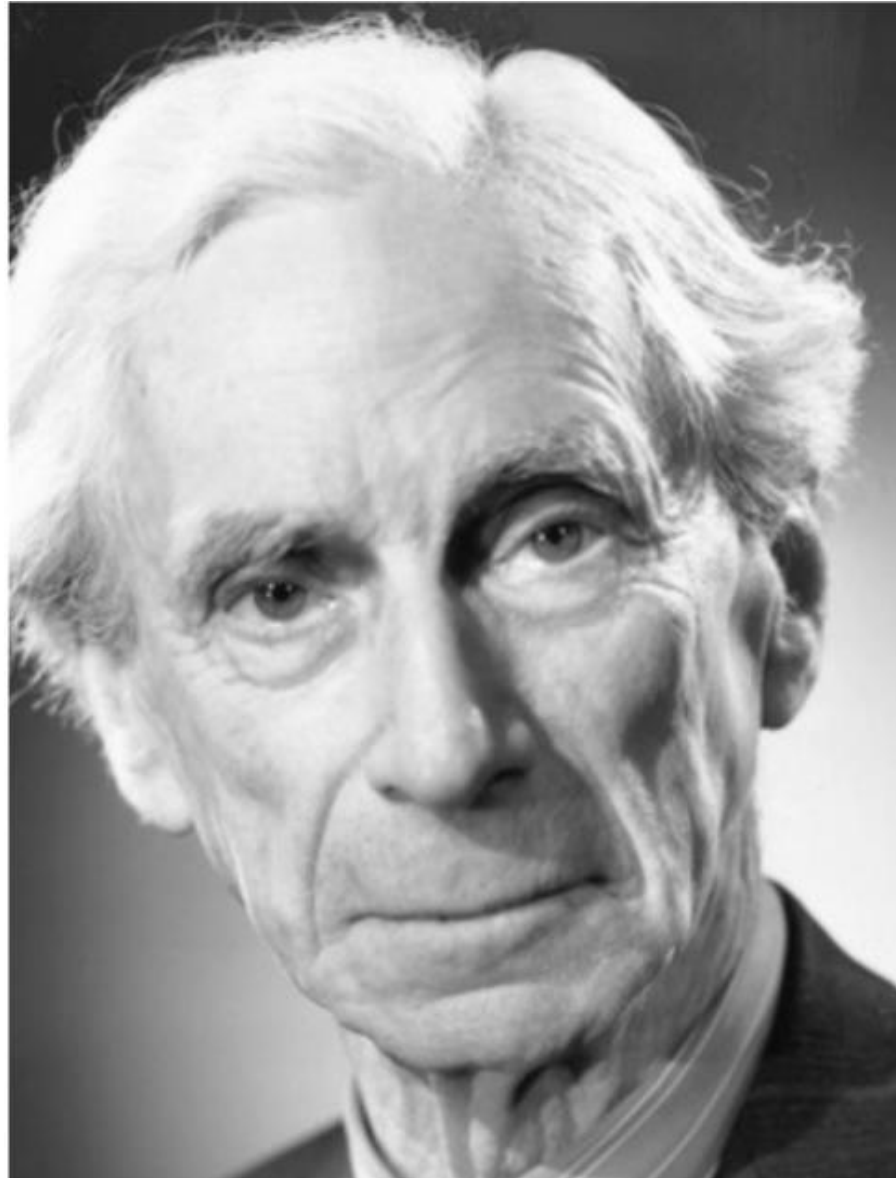


Circulation. 2008;117:363-370.

Do We Have the Expertise?







The degree of one's emotions varies
inversely with one's knowledge of
the facts - the less you know the
hotter you get.

— *Bertrand Russell* —

AZ QUOTES

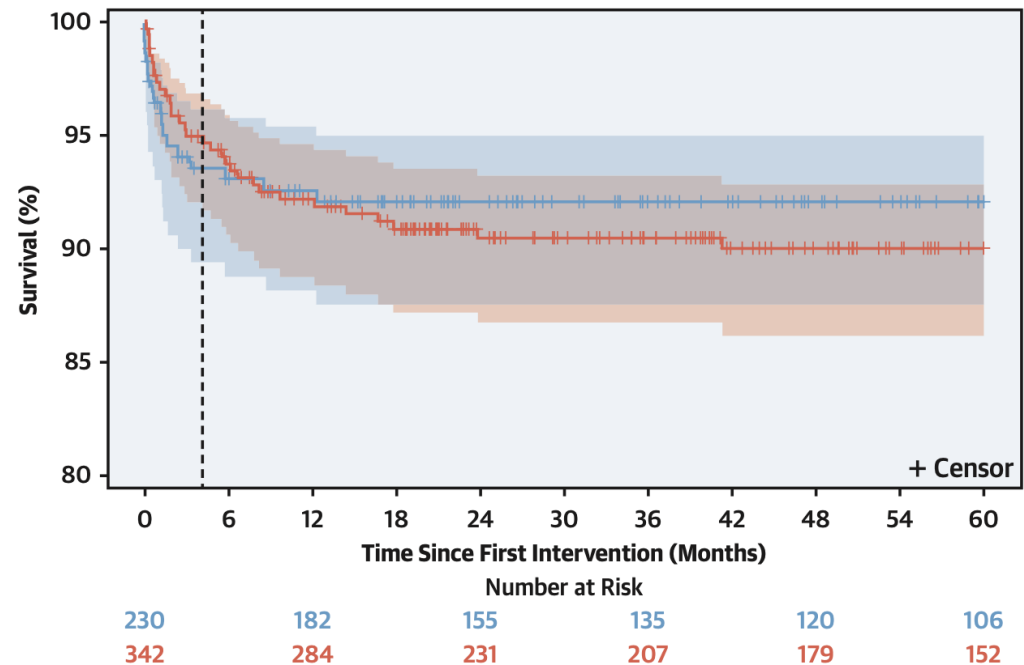
What Is the Best Approach?

(J Am Coll Cardiol 2021;77:1093–106)

Comparison of Management Strategies for Neonates With Symptomatic Tetralogy of Fallot

Bryan H. Goldstein, MD,^{a,b,c,d} Christopher J. Petit, MD,^e Athar M. Qureshi, MD,^{f,g} Courtney E. McCracken, PhD,^e Michael S. Kelleman, MS, MSPH,^e George T. Nicholson, MD,^h Mark A. Law, MD,ⁱ Jeffery J. Meadows, MD,^j Jeffrey D. Zampi, MD,^k Shabana Shahanavaz, MD,^l Christopher E. Mascio, MD,^{m,n} Paul J. Chai, MD,^e Jennifer C. Romano, MD,^k Sarosh P. Batlivala, MD,^{c,d} Shiraz A. Maskatia, MD,^{o,p} Ivor B. Asztalos, MD, MSCE,^{m,n} Alicia M. Kamsheh, MD,^{m,n} Steven J. Healan, MD, MSCI,^h Justin D. Smith, MD,^k R. Allen Ligon, MD,^e Joelle A. Pettus, MPH, MS,^e Sarina Juma, MPH,^e James E.B. Raulston, MD,ⁱ Krissie M. Hock, MSN, RN, CNL,ⁱ Amy L. Pajk, MBA,^{c,d} Lindsay F. Eilers, MD,^{f,g} Hala Q. Khan, BS,^{f,g} Taylor C. Merritt, RN, BSN,^l Matthew Canter, MET,^l Stephan Juergensen, MD,^j Fatuma-Ayaan Rinderknecht, BA,^l Holly Bauser-Heaton, MD, PhD,^e Andrew C. Glatz, MD, MSCE^{m,n,q}

Freedom From the Primary Outcome of Death Based on Treatment Strategy





CONGENITAL HEART SURGERY:

The Annals of Thoracic Surgery CME Program is located online at <http://www.annalsthoracicsurgery.org/cme/home>. To take the CME activity related to this article, you must have either an STS member or an individual non-member subscription to the journal.

Staged vs Complete Repair in Tetralogy of Fallot With Pulmonary Atresia



Katerina Boucek, MD,¹ Christopher W. Mastropietro, MD, FCCM,² Jonathan Beall, PhD,³ Everette Keller, MS,³ Asaad Beshish, MD,⁴ Saul Flores, MD,⁵ Meghan Chlebowski, MD, MHPE,⁶ Andrew R. Yates, MD,⁷ Tarif A. Choudhury, MD,⁸ Dana Mueller, MD,⁹ David M. Kwiatkowski, MD,¹⁰ Karl Migally, MD,¹¹ Karan Karki, MD,¹² Renee Willett, MD,¹³ Monique R. Radman, MD, MAS,¹⁴ Chetana Reddy, MD,¹⁵ Kurt Piggott, MD,¹⁶ Christine A. Capone, MD, MPH,¹⁷ Yamini Kapileshwarkar, MD,¹⁸ Niranjana Vijayakumar, MD,¹⁹ Elizabeth Prentice, DO,²⁰ Sukumar Suguna Narasimhulu, MD, MPH,²¹ Renee H. Martin, PhD,³ and John M. Costello, MD, MPH¹, for the Collaborative Research from the Pediatric Cardiac Intensive Care Society (CoRe-PCICS) Investigators

Congenital heart disease

Original research article

Primary repair versus surgical and transcatheter palliation in infants with tetralogy of Fallot

Dan M Dorobantu^{1, 2, 3}, Alireza S Mahani⁴, Mansour T A Sharabiani⁵, Ragini Pandey¹, Gianni D Angelini³, Andrew J Parry¹,  Robert M R Tulloh^{1, 3}, Robin P Martin¹, Serban C Stoica^{1, 3}

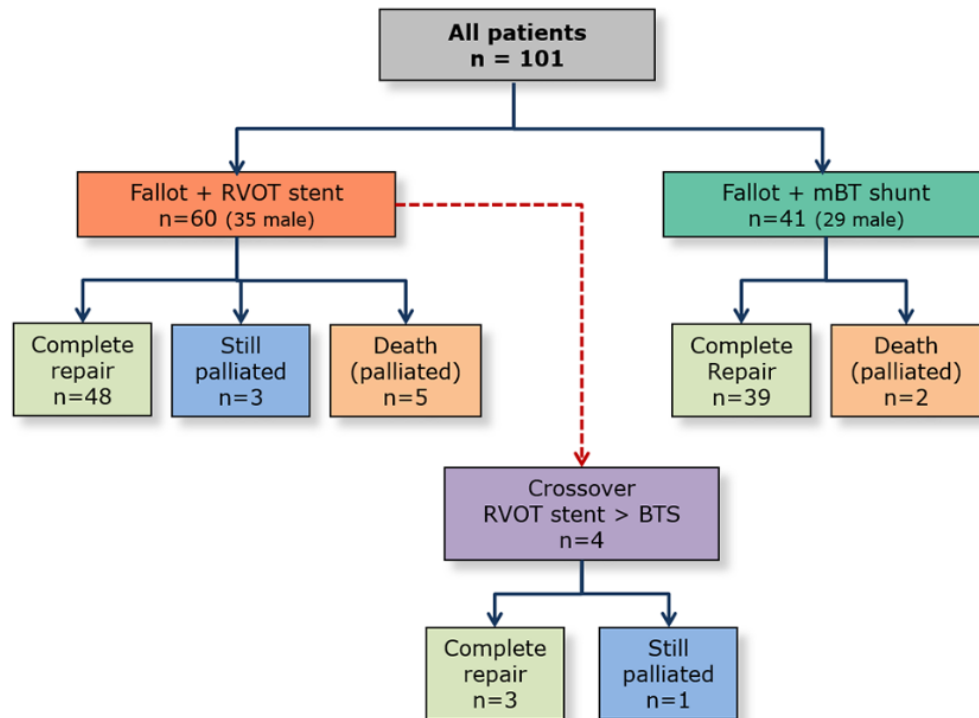
Correspondence to Dr Dan M Dorobantu, Department of Cardiology, “Prof. C.C. Iliescu” Emergency Institute for Cardiovascular Diseases, Bucuresti 022322, Romania; dn.dorobantu@gmail.com

Heart. 2018 Nov;104(22):1864-1870

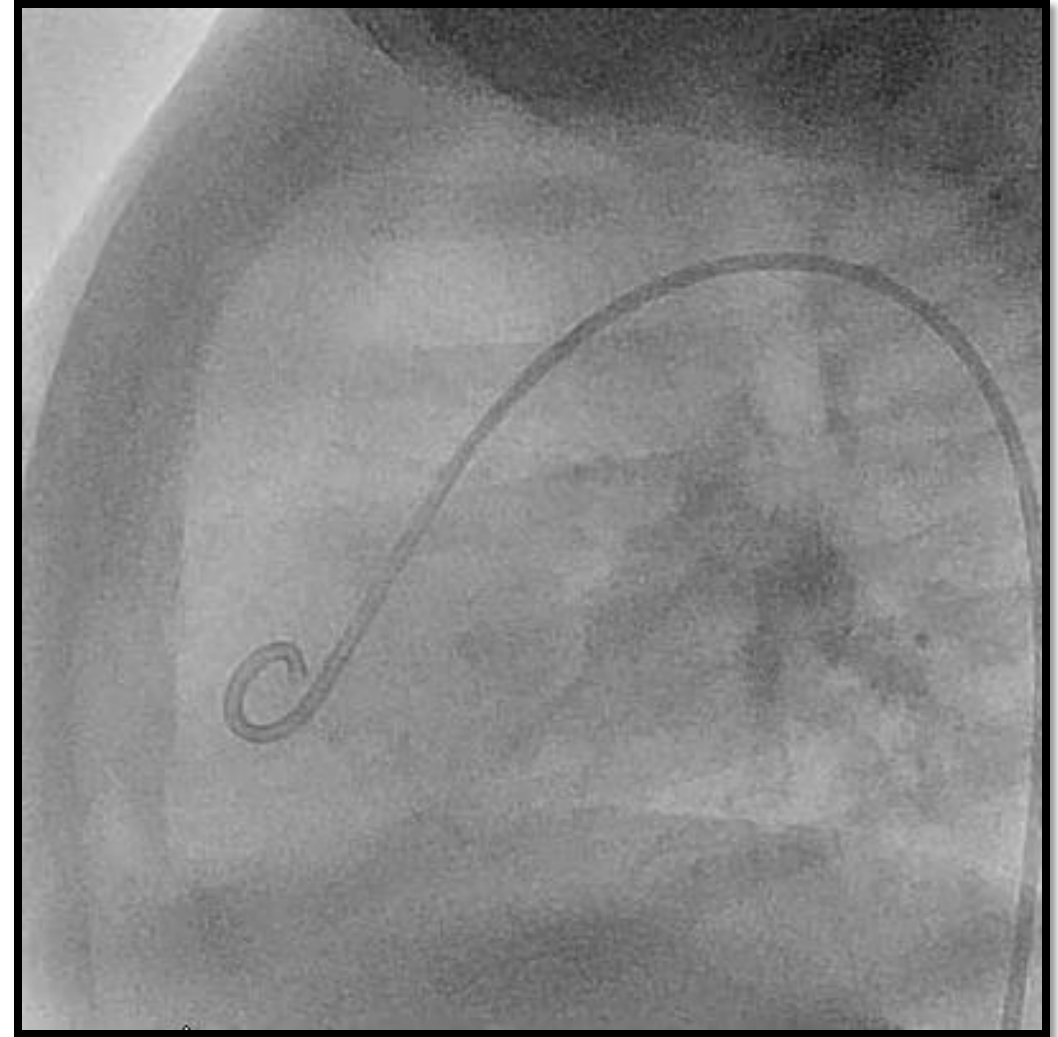
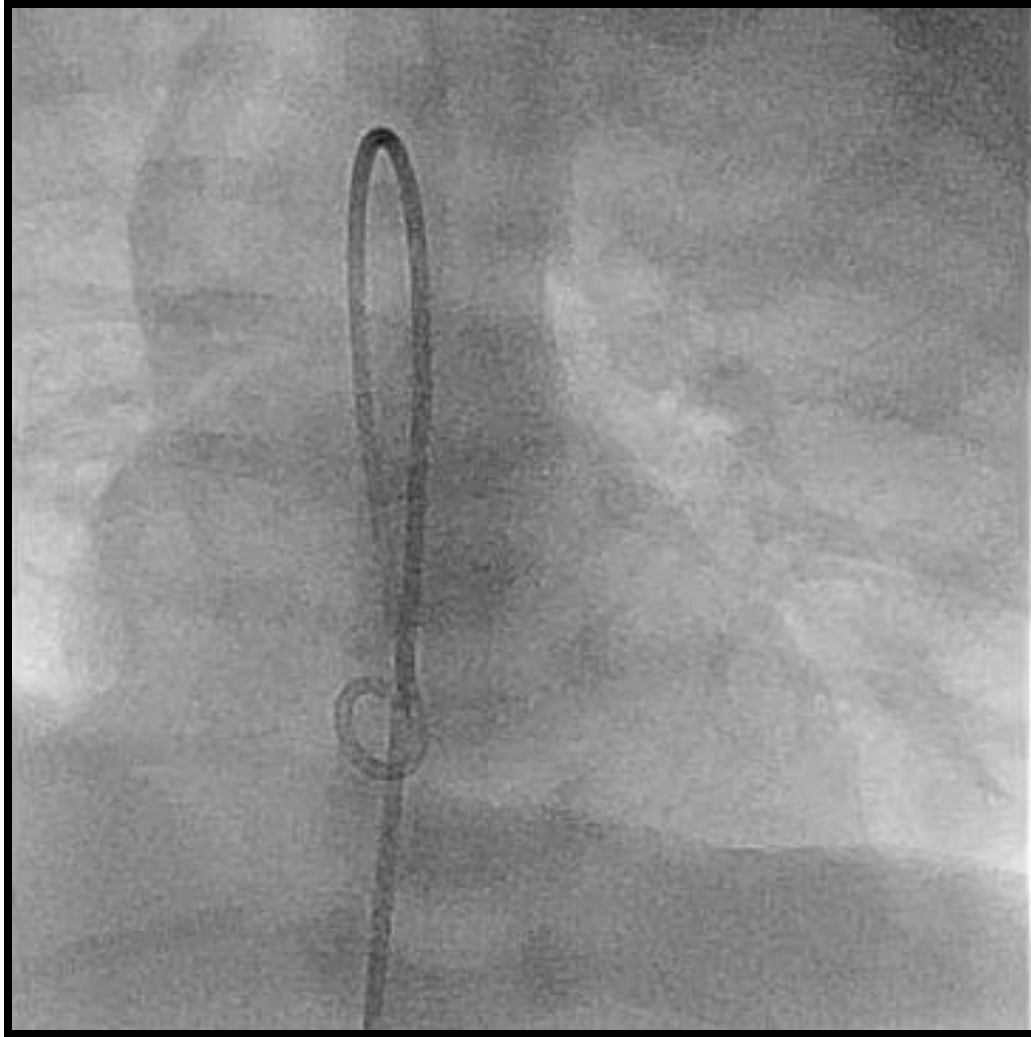
ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE

Right ventricular outflow tract stent versus BT shunt palliation in Tetralogy of Fallot

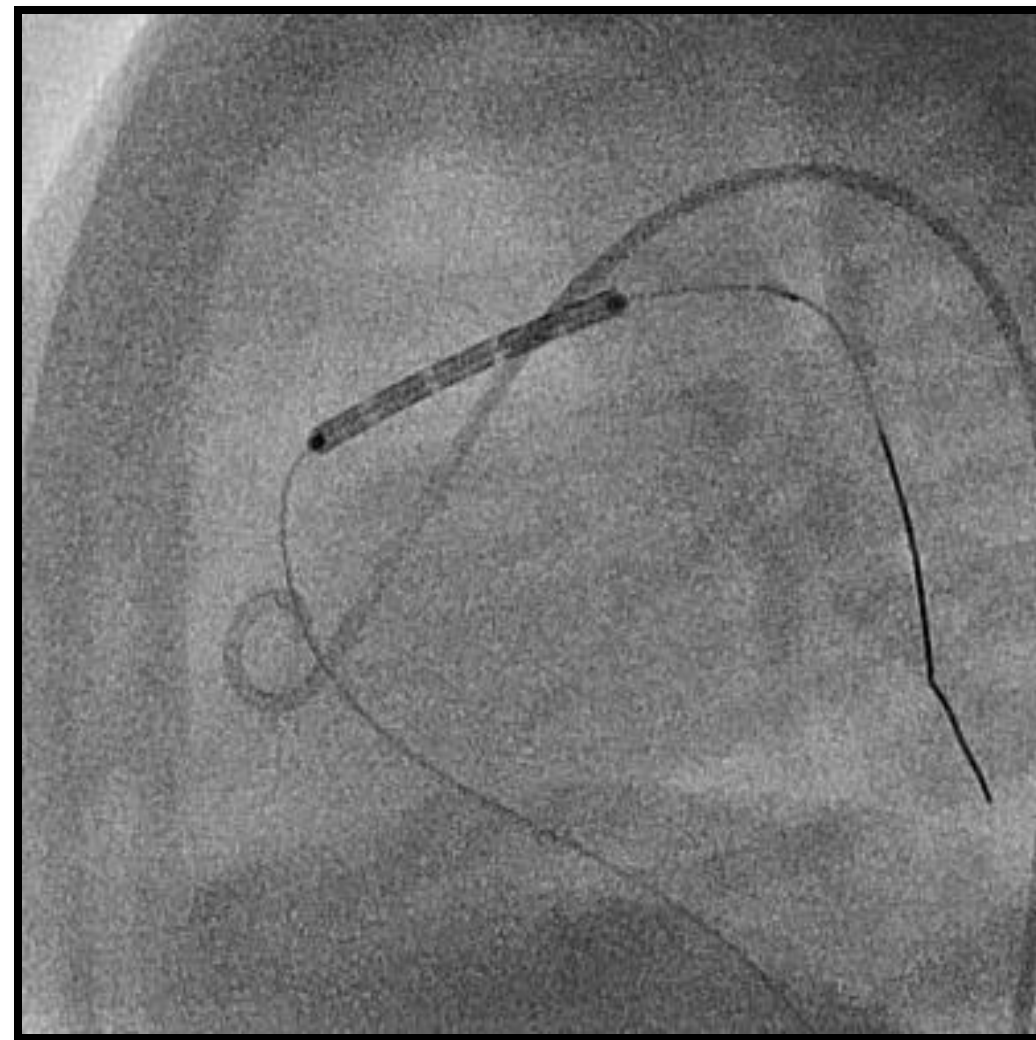
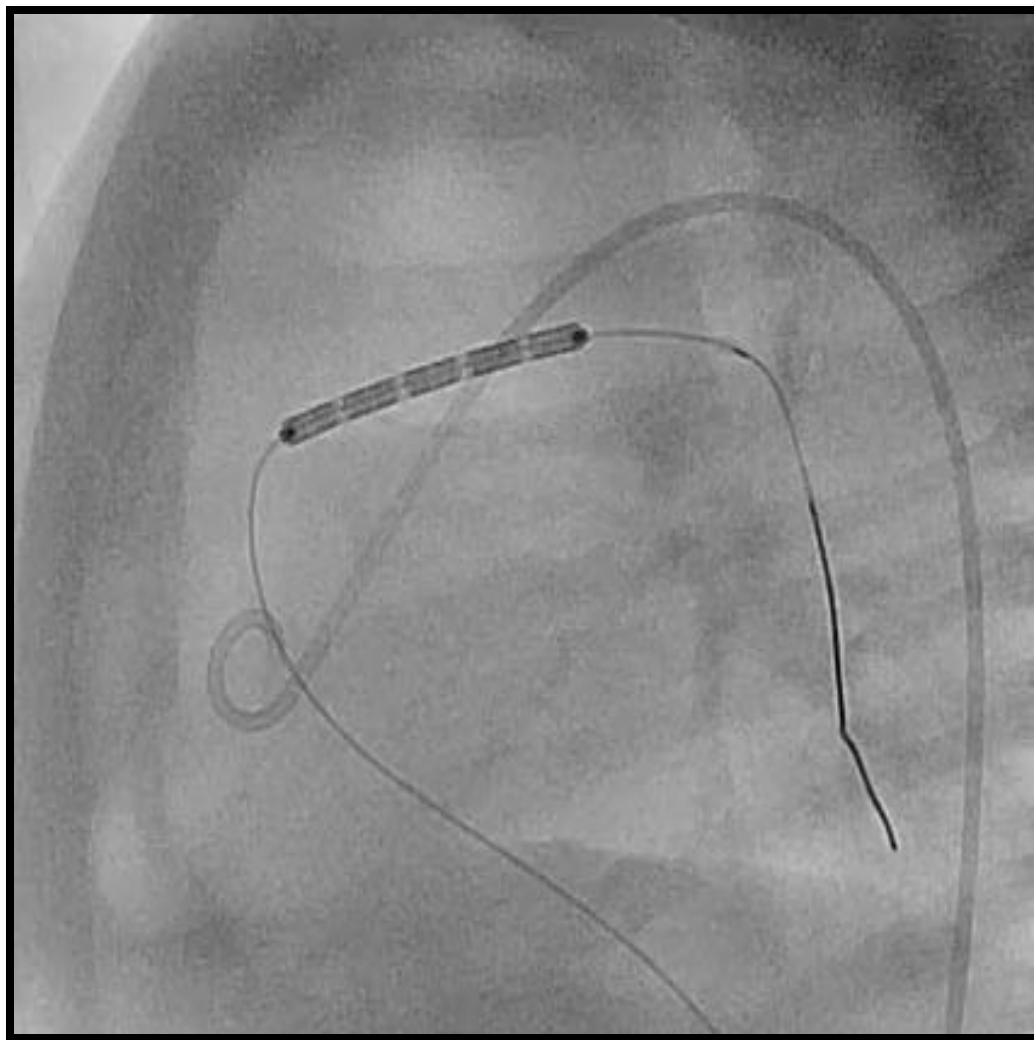
Daniel Quandt,^{1,2} Bharat Ramchandani,¹ Gemma Penford,¹ John Stickley,¹
Vinay Bhole,¹ Chetan Mehta,¹ Timothy Jones,¹ David James Barron,¹ Oliver Stumper¹



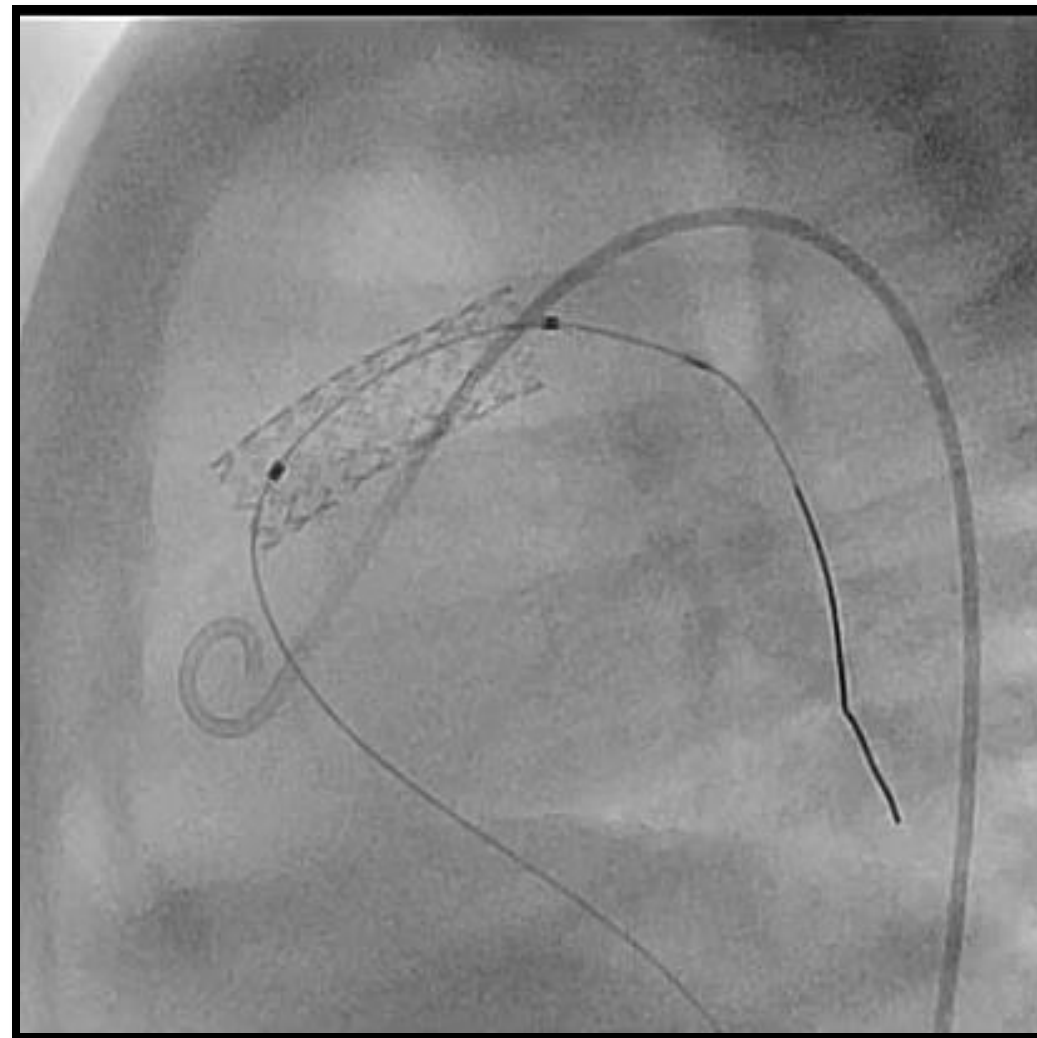
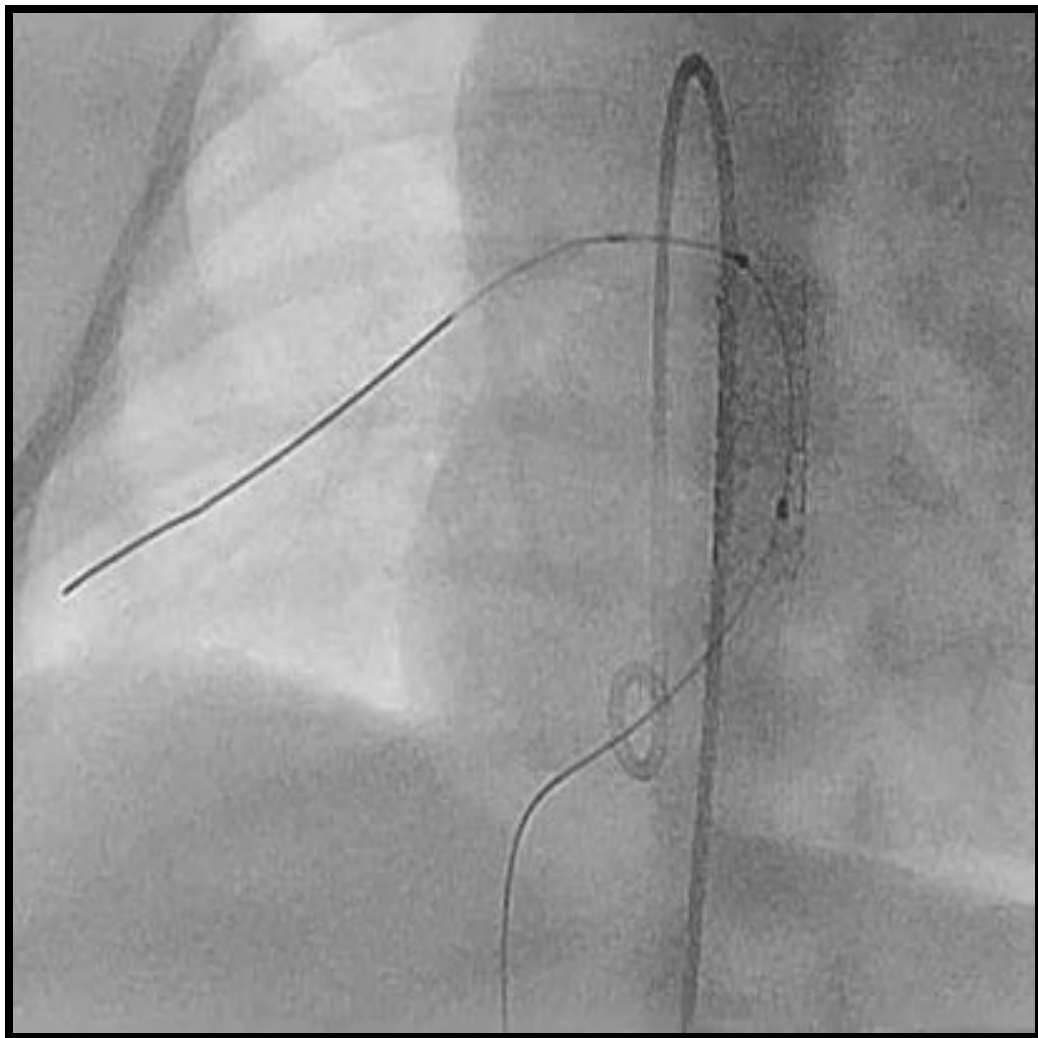
RVOT Stent



6x20mm F418



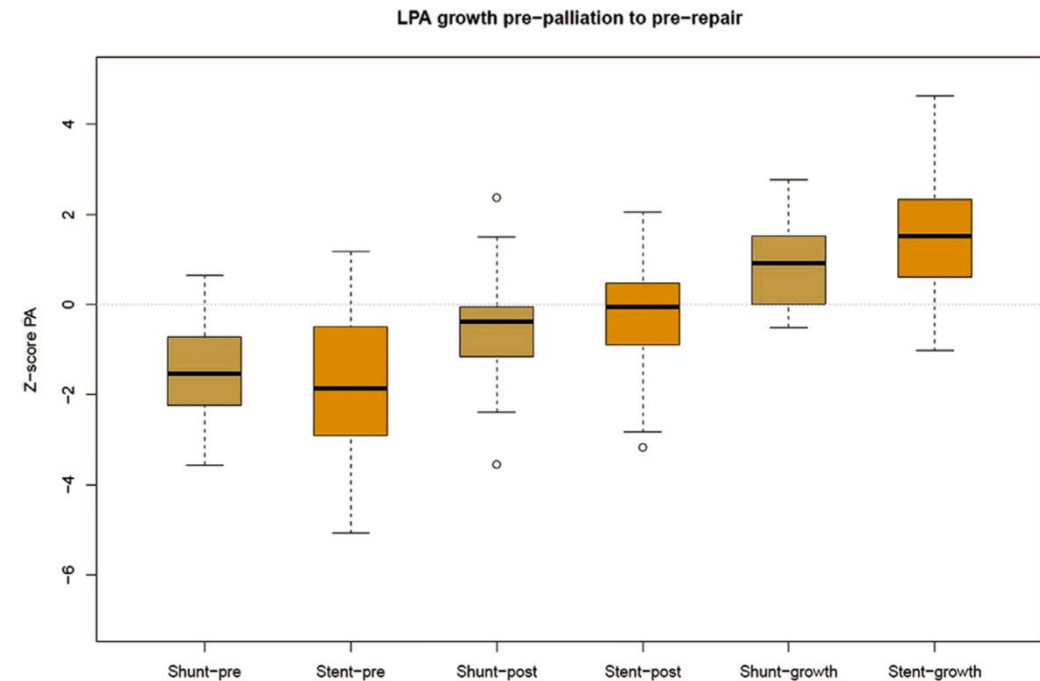
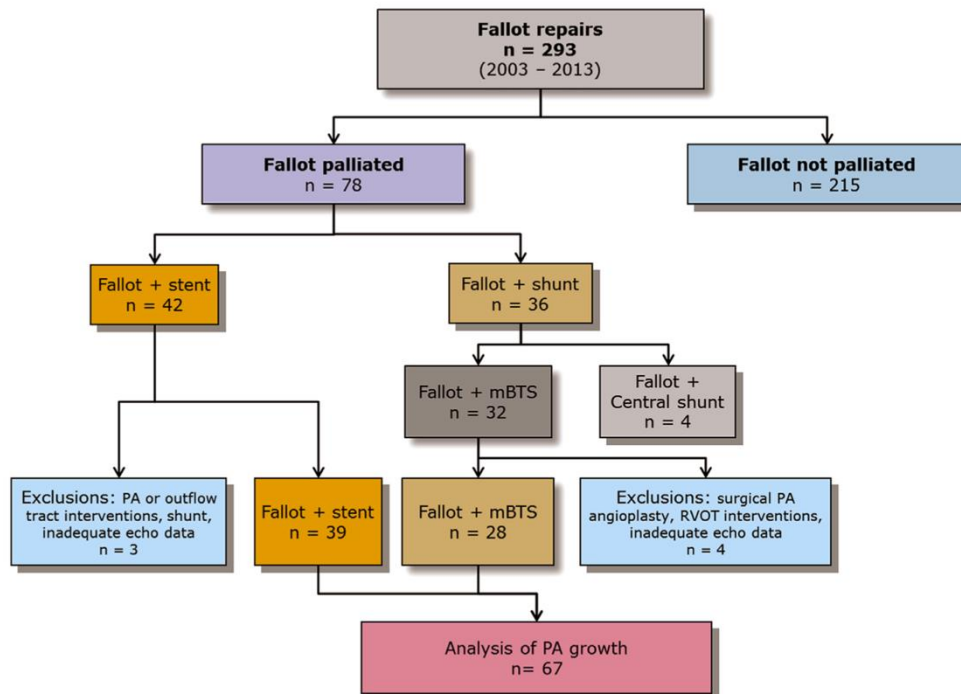
Final Result



Stenting of the Right Ventricular Outflow Tract Promotes Better Pulmonary Arterial Growth Compared With Modified Blalock-Taussig Shunt Palliation in Tetralogy of Fallot-Type Lesions

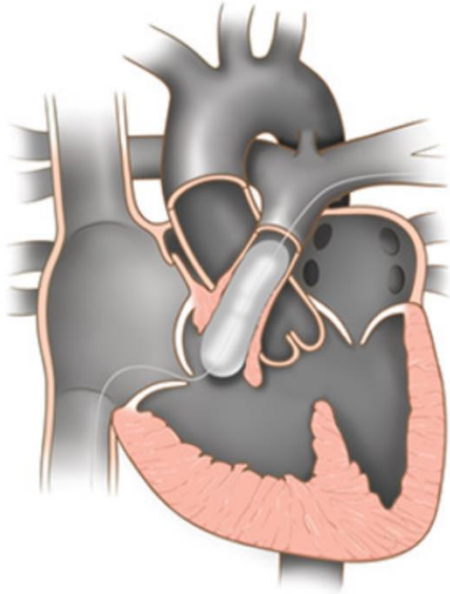


Daniel Quandt, MD, Bharat Ramchandani, MD, John Stickley, Chetan Mehta, MD, Vinay Bhole, MD, David J. Barron, MD, Oliver Stumper, MD, PhD



Transcatheter Approaches to Palliation for Tetralogy of Fallot

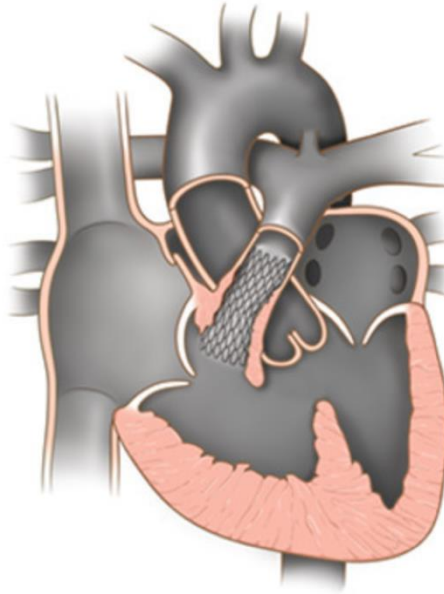
Balloon Pulmonary Valvuloplasty



PRO Technically least challenging

CON High failure rate

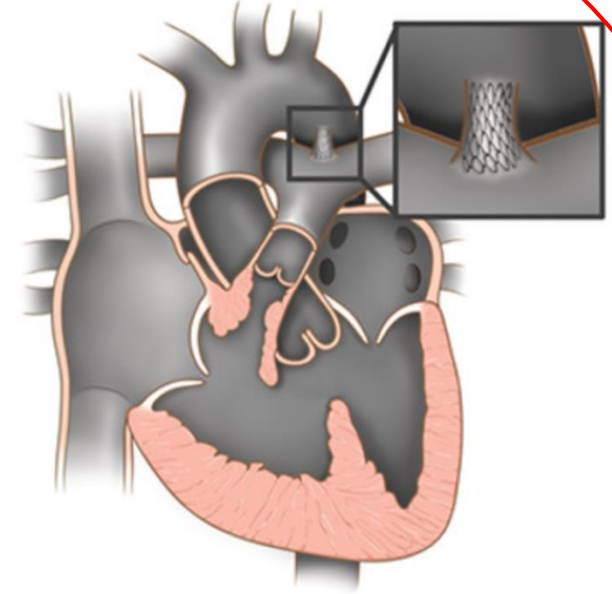
Right Ventricular Outflow Tract Stent



PRO Good PA growth
Most physiologic circulation

CON Stent resection at time
of complete repair

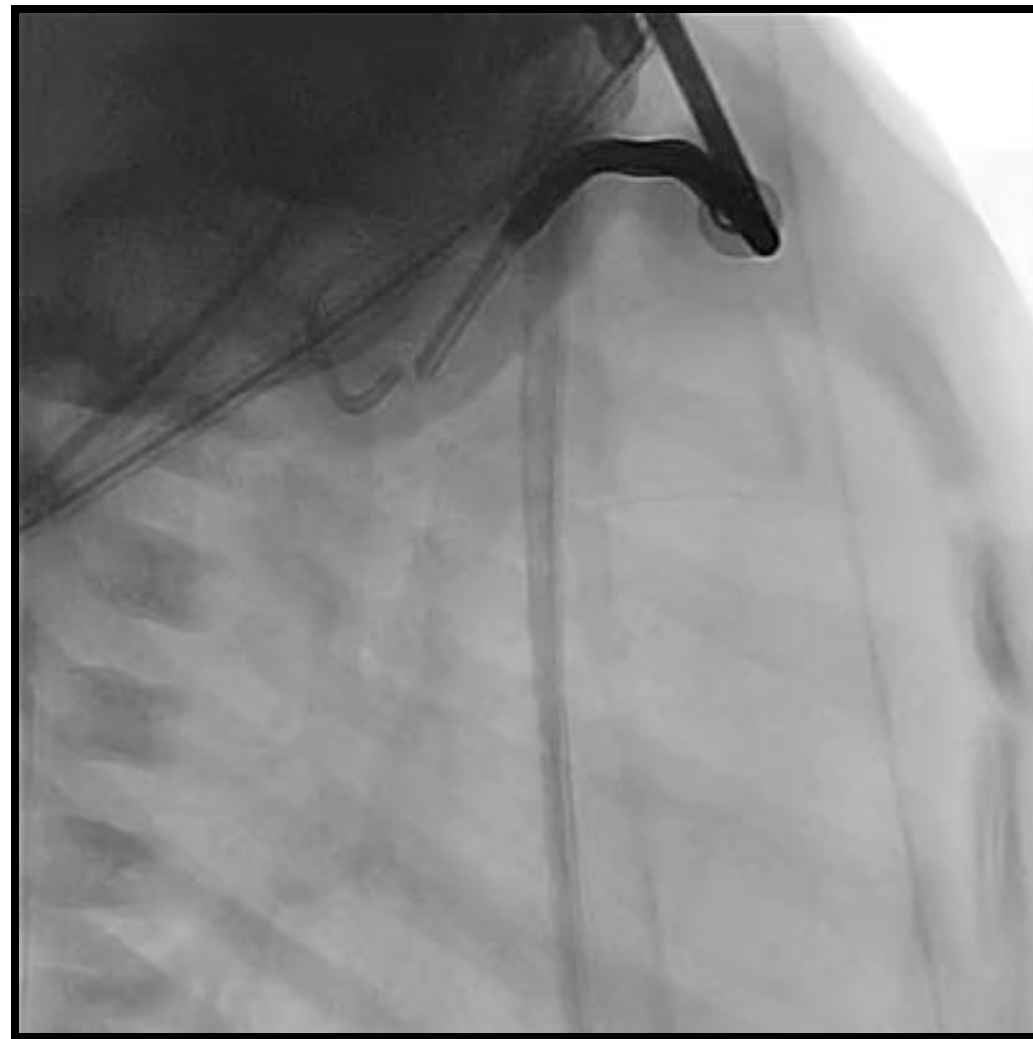
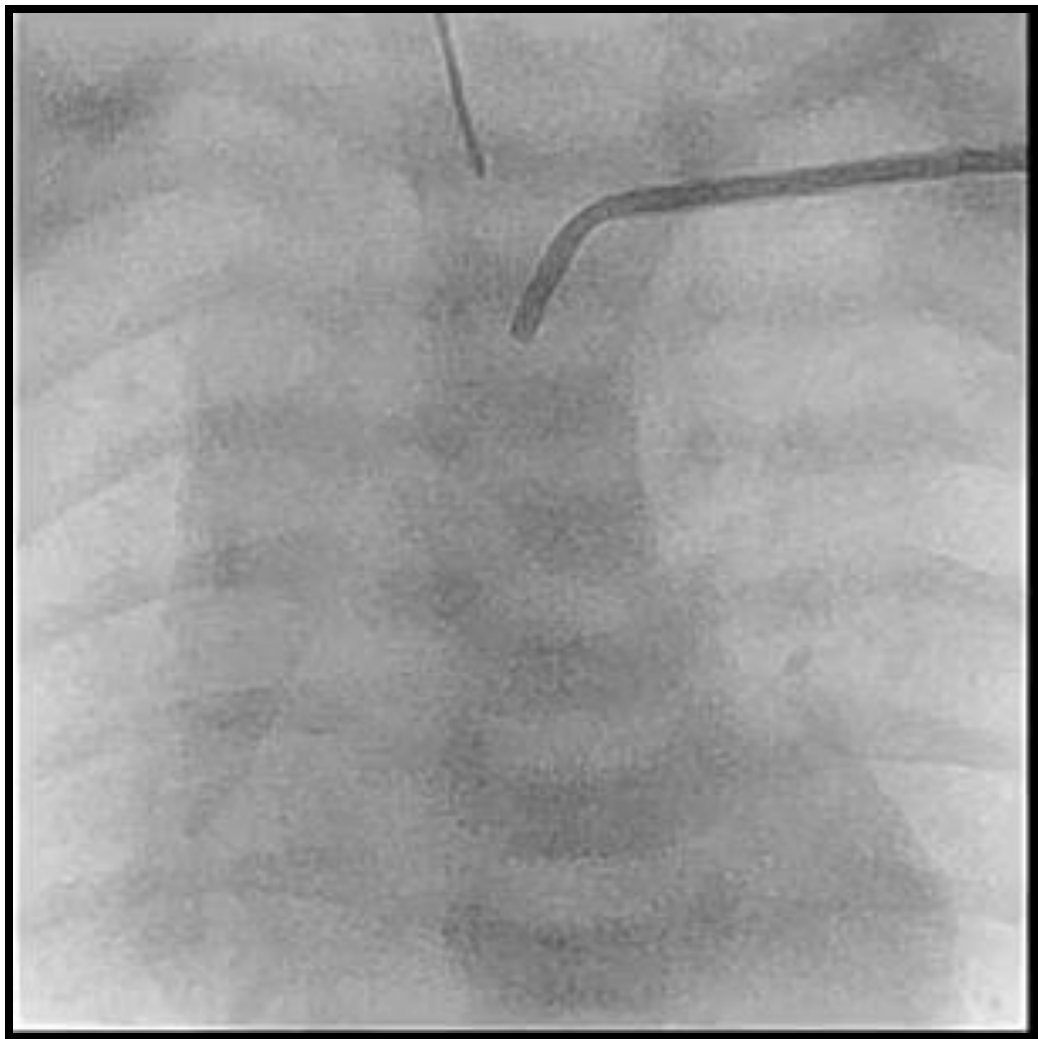
Patent Ductus Arteriosus Stent



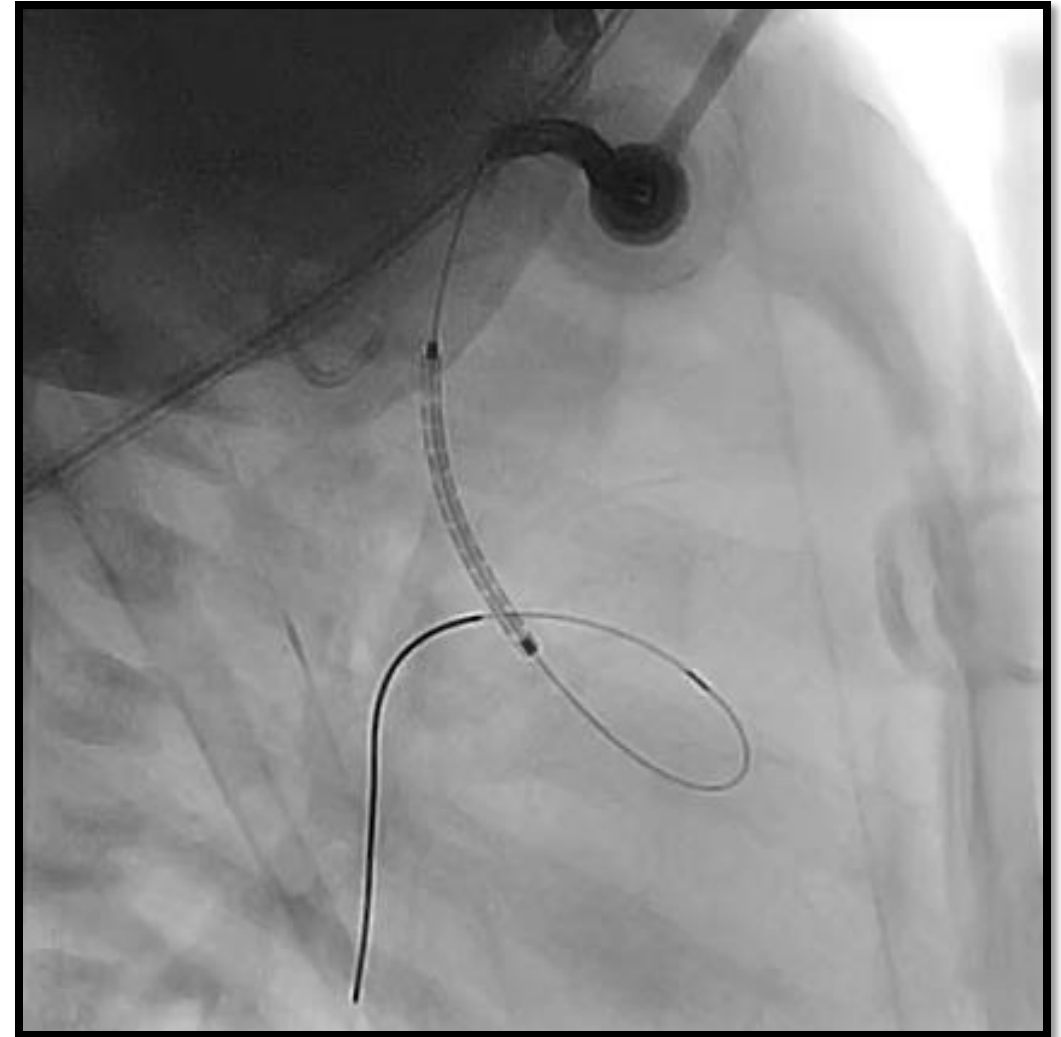
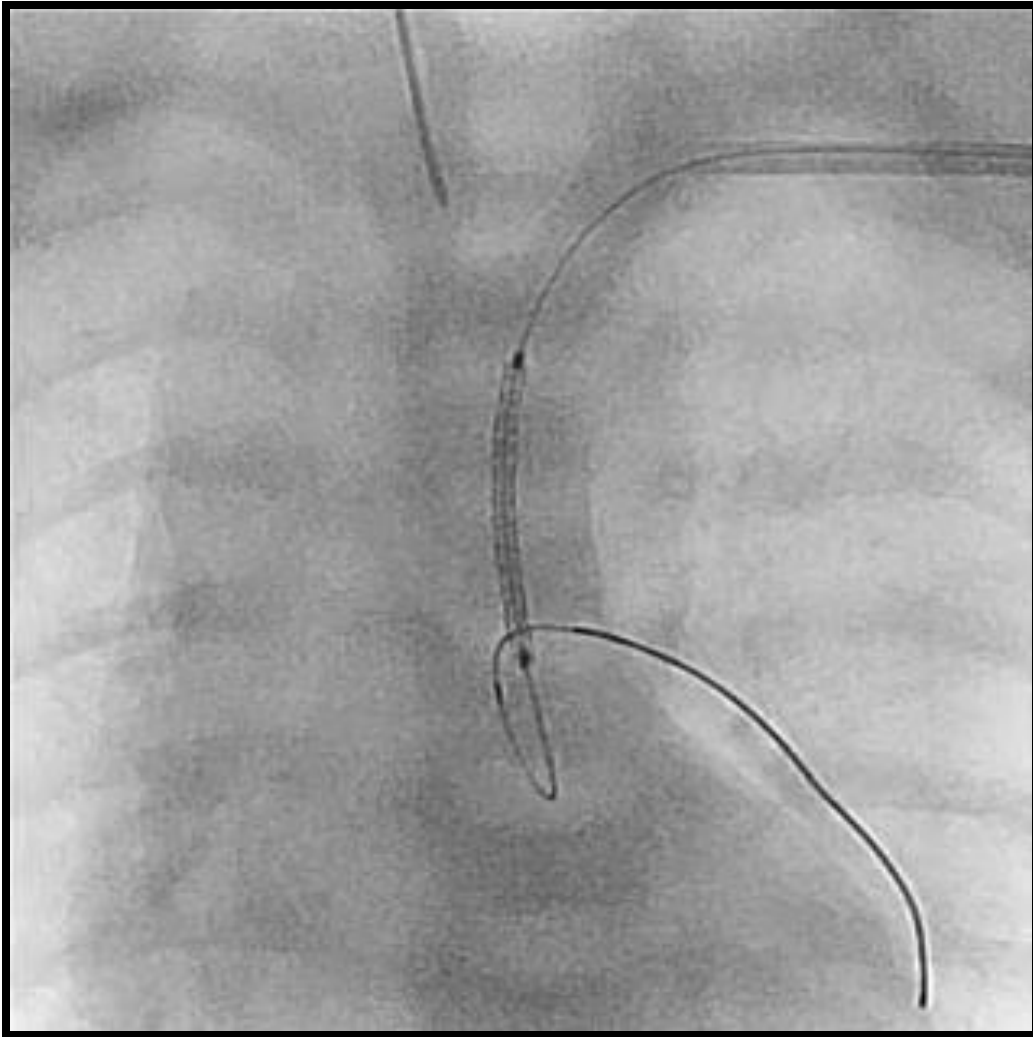
PRO Good PA growth
Relief of cyanosis

CON Can be technically challenging/
learning curve involved

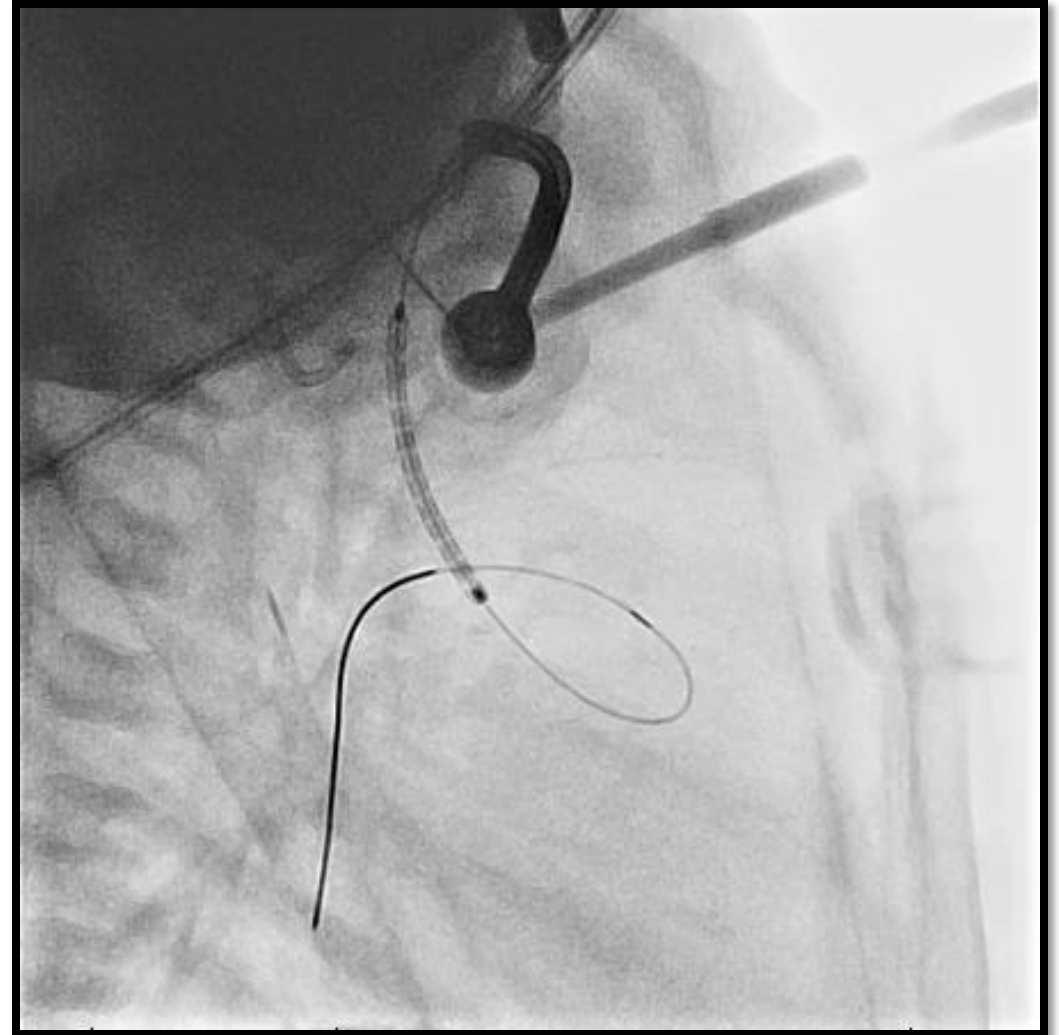
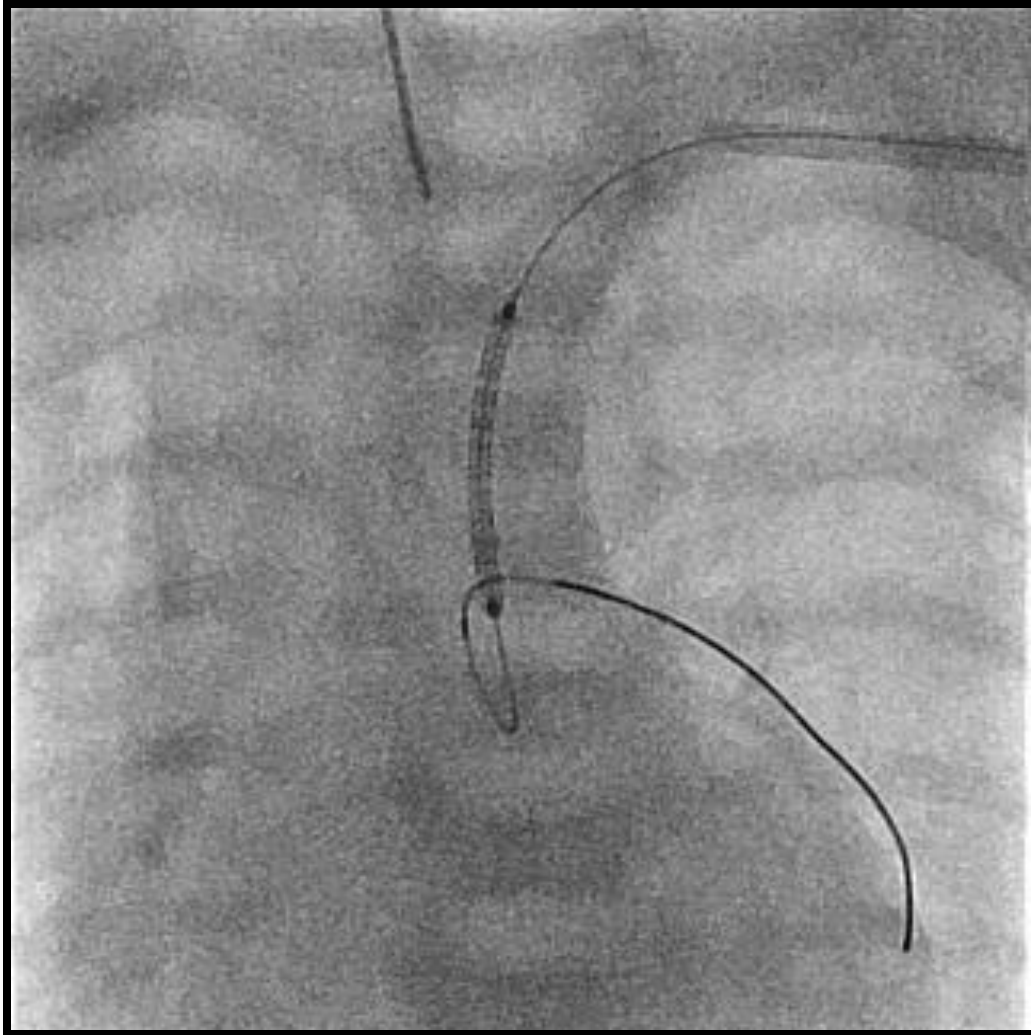
PDA Stent



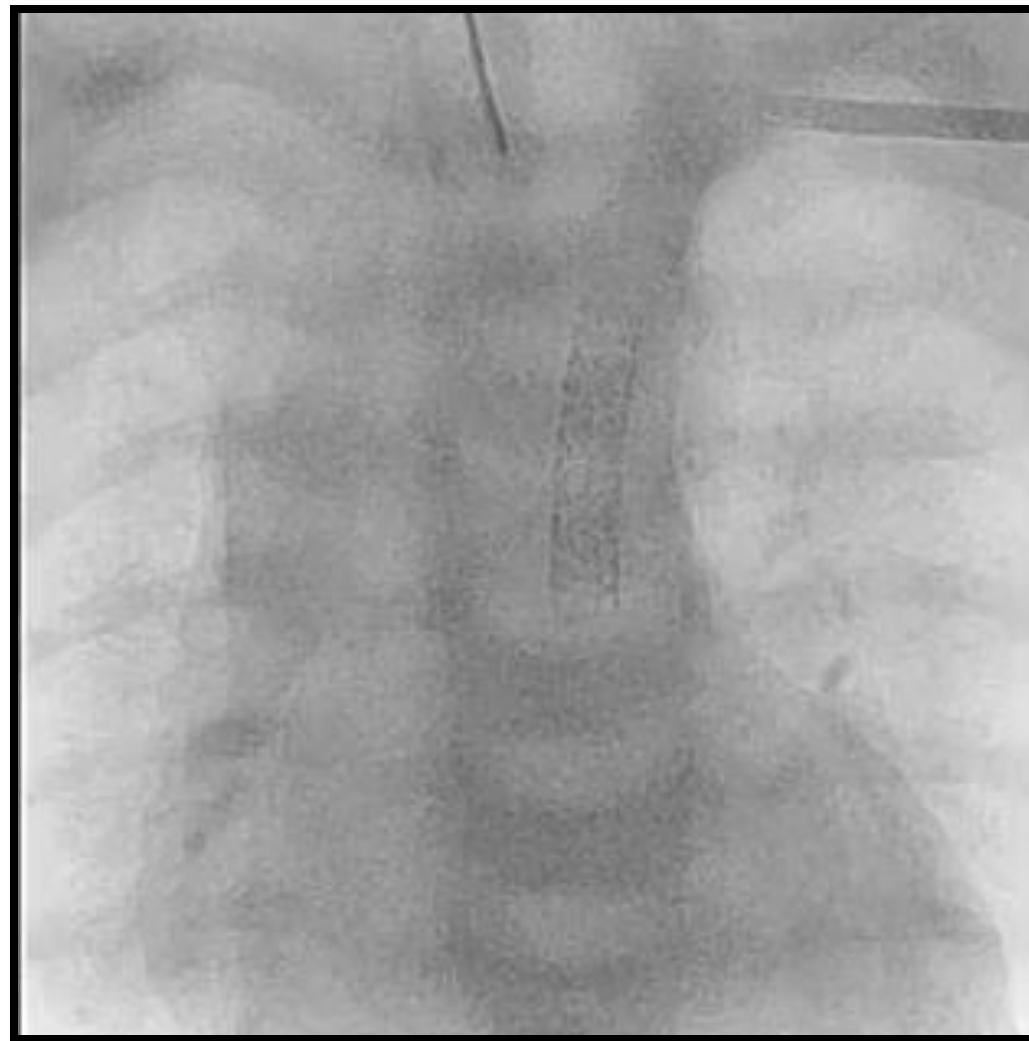
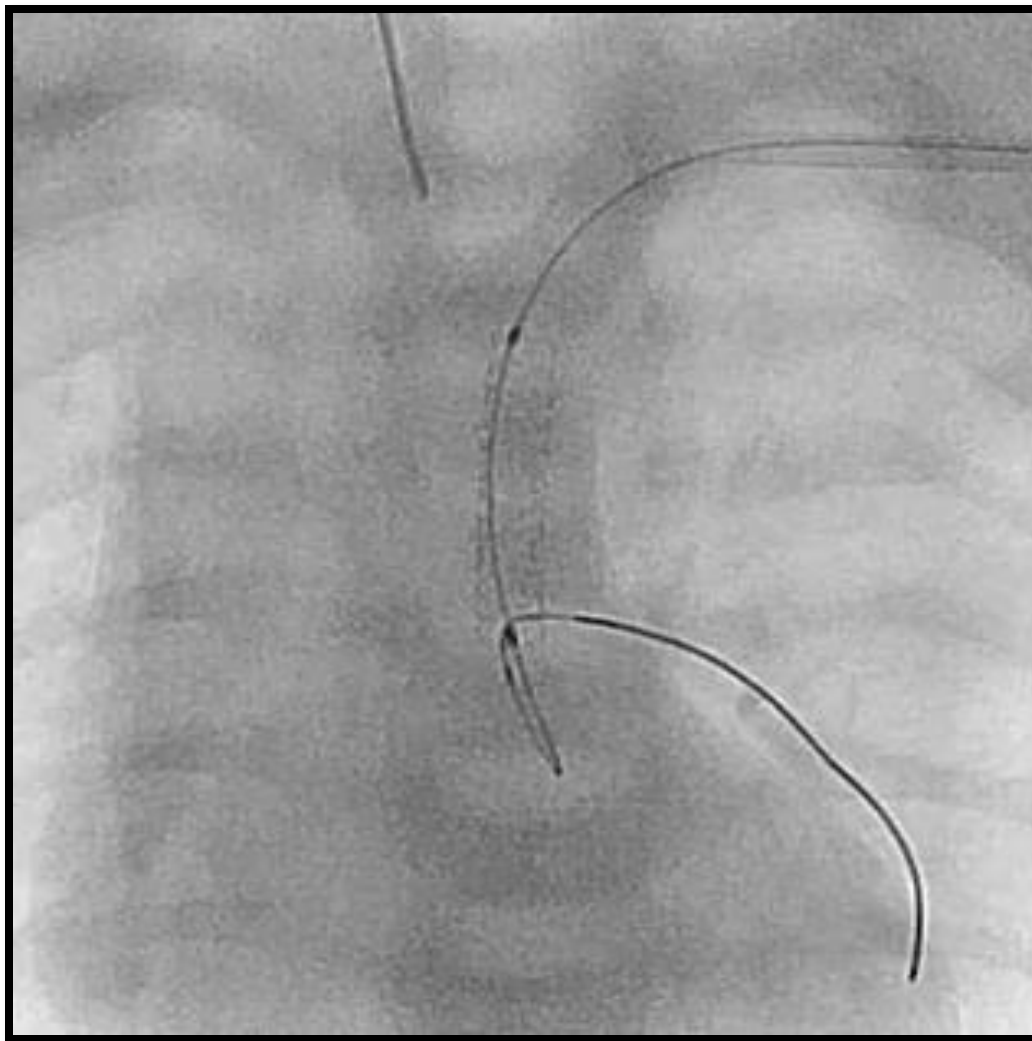
Axillary Approach



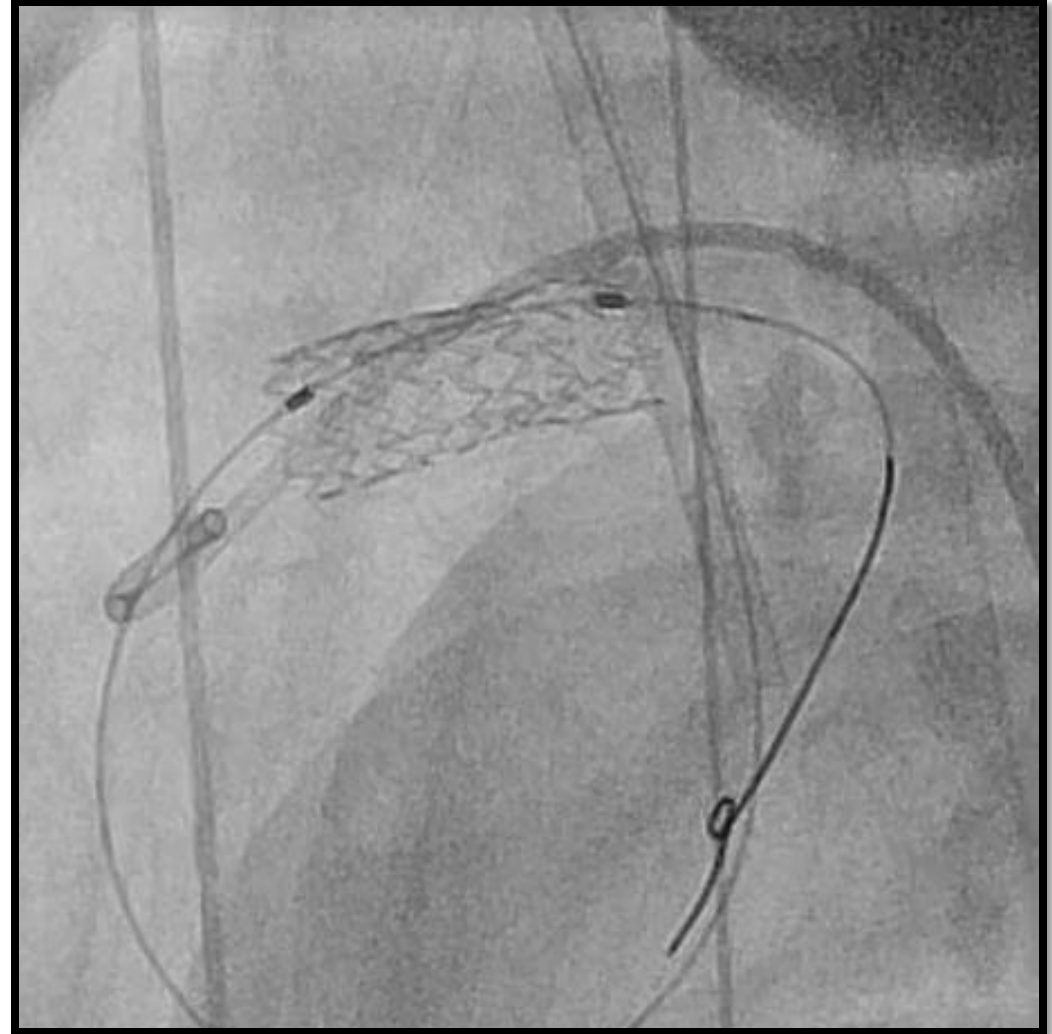
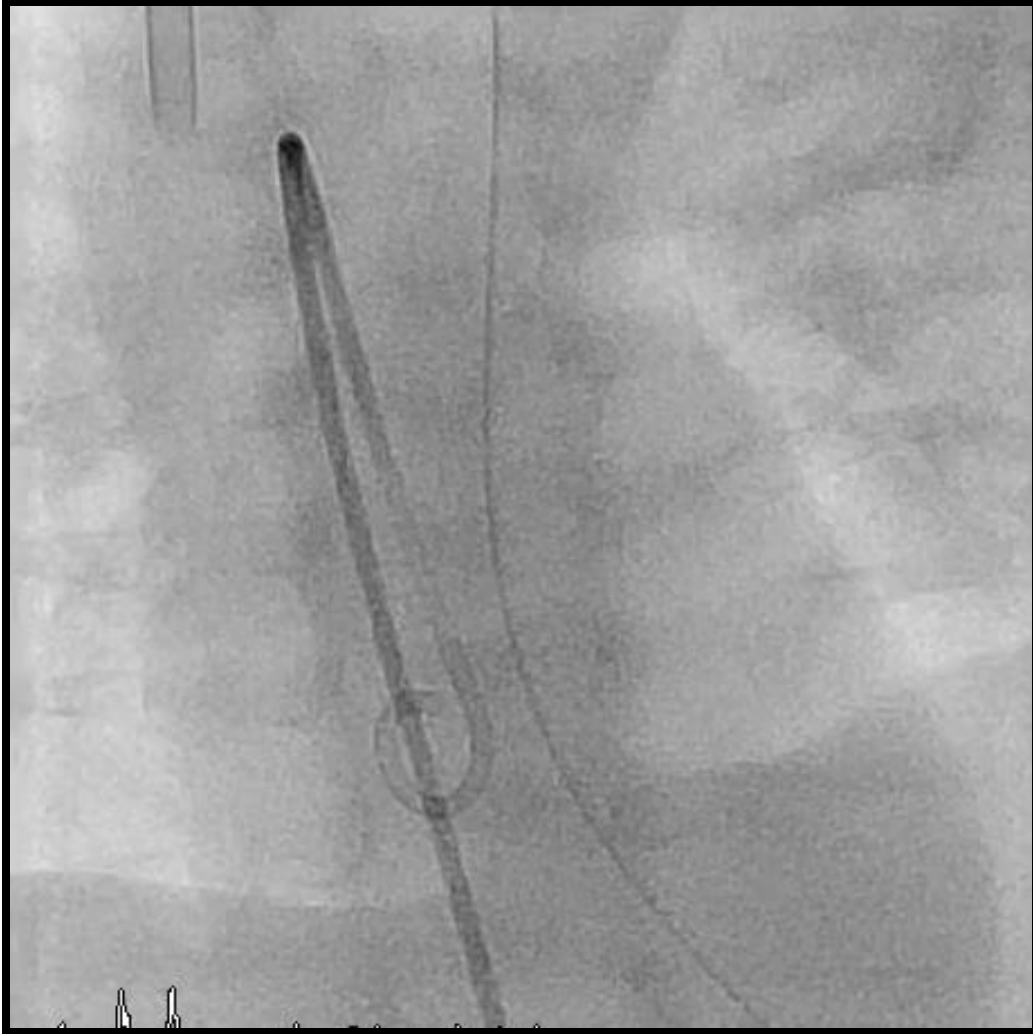
Stent Deployment



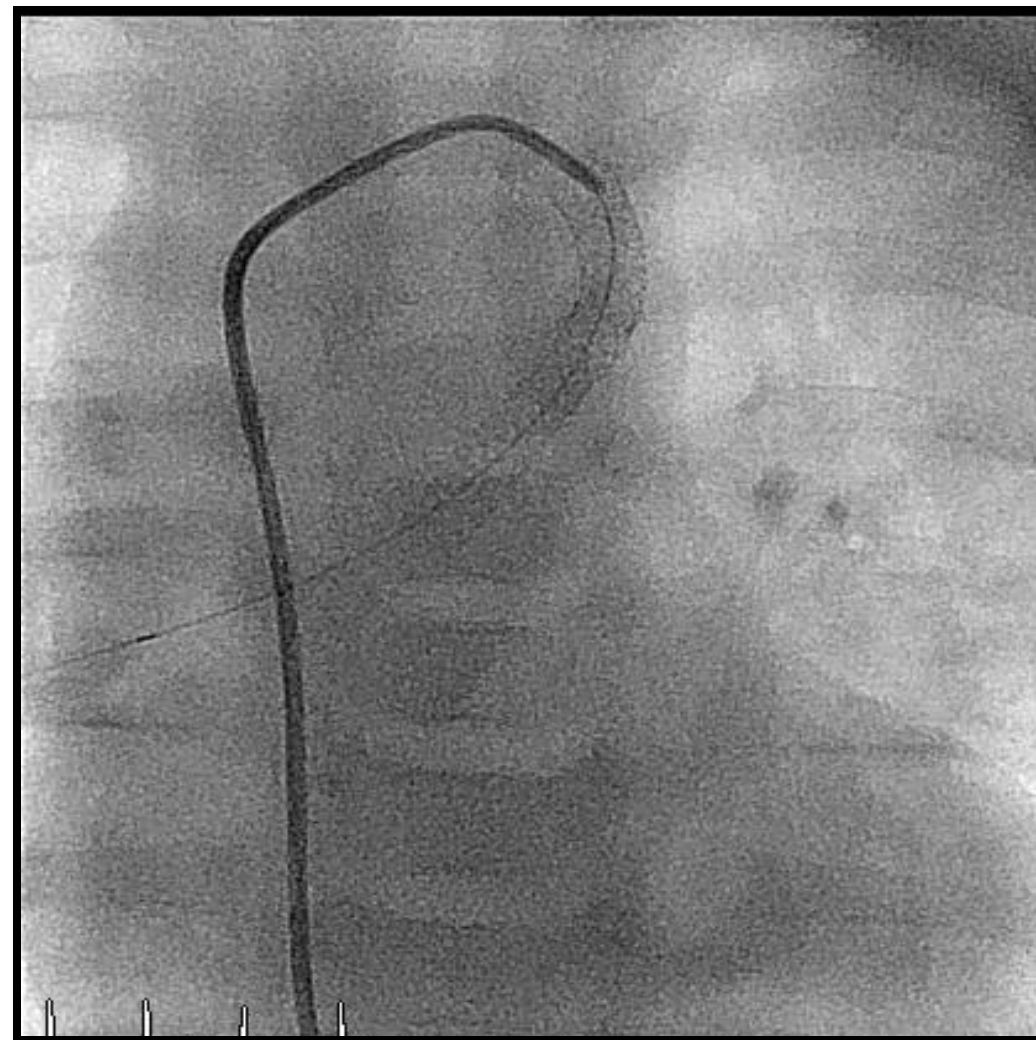
Result



Anterograde Flow and PDA – Which Approach?



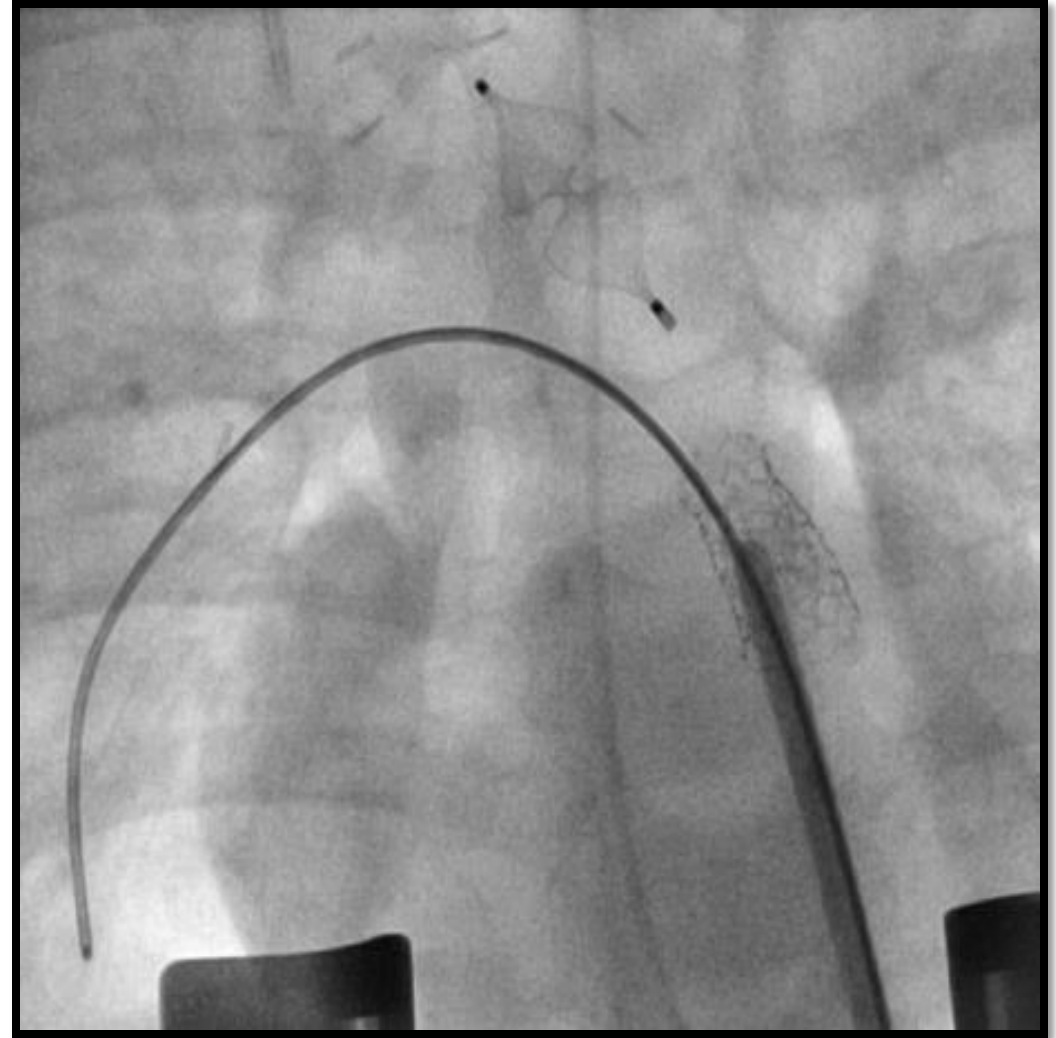
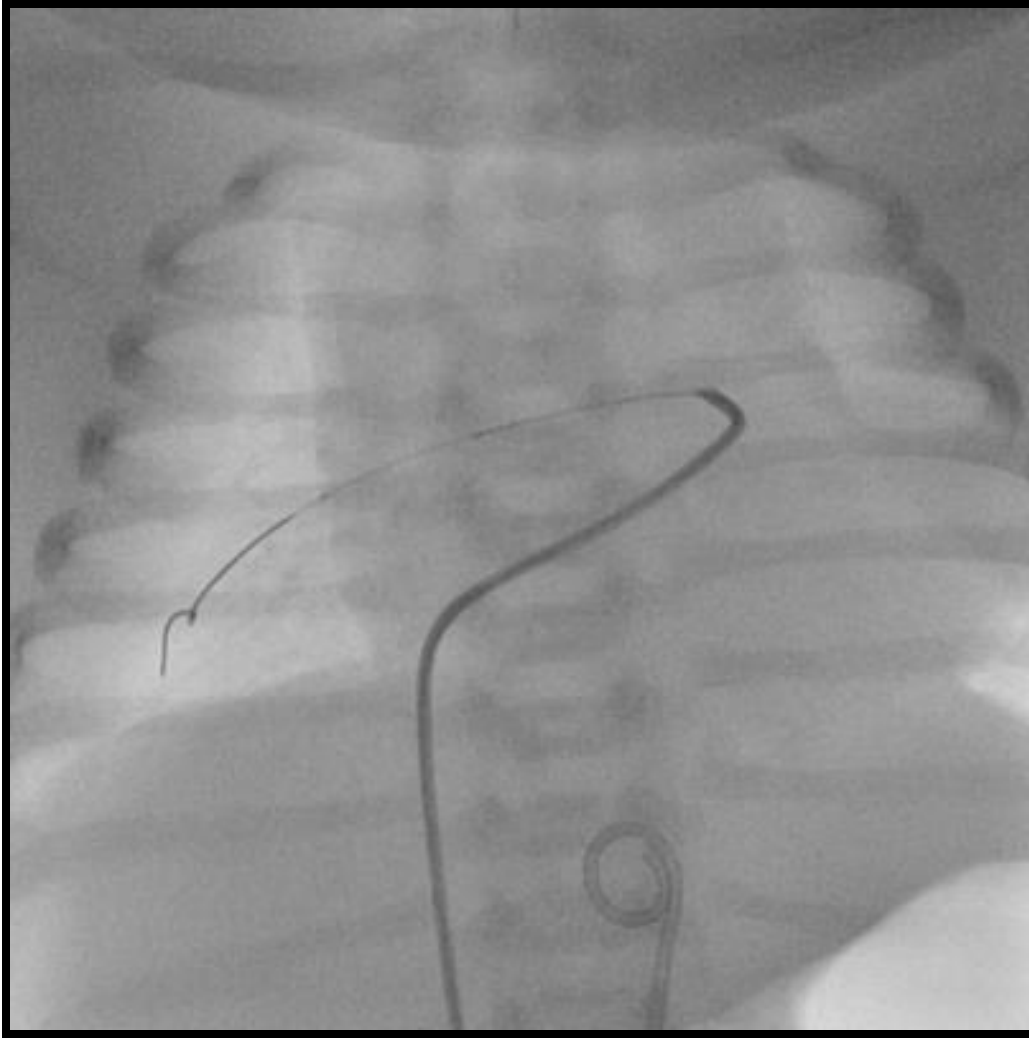
PDA Stenting



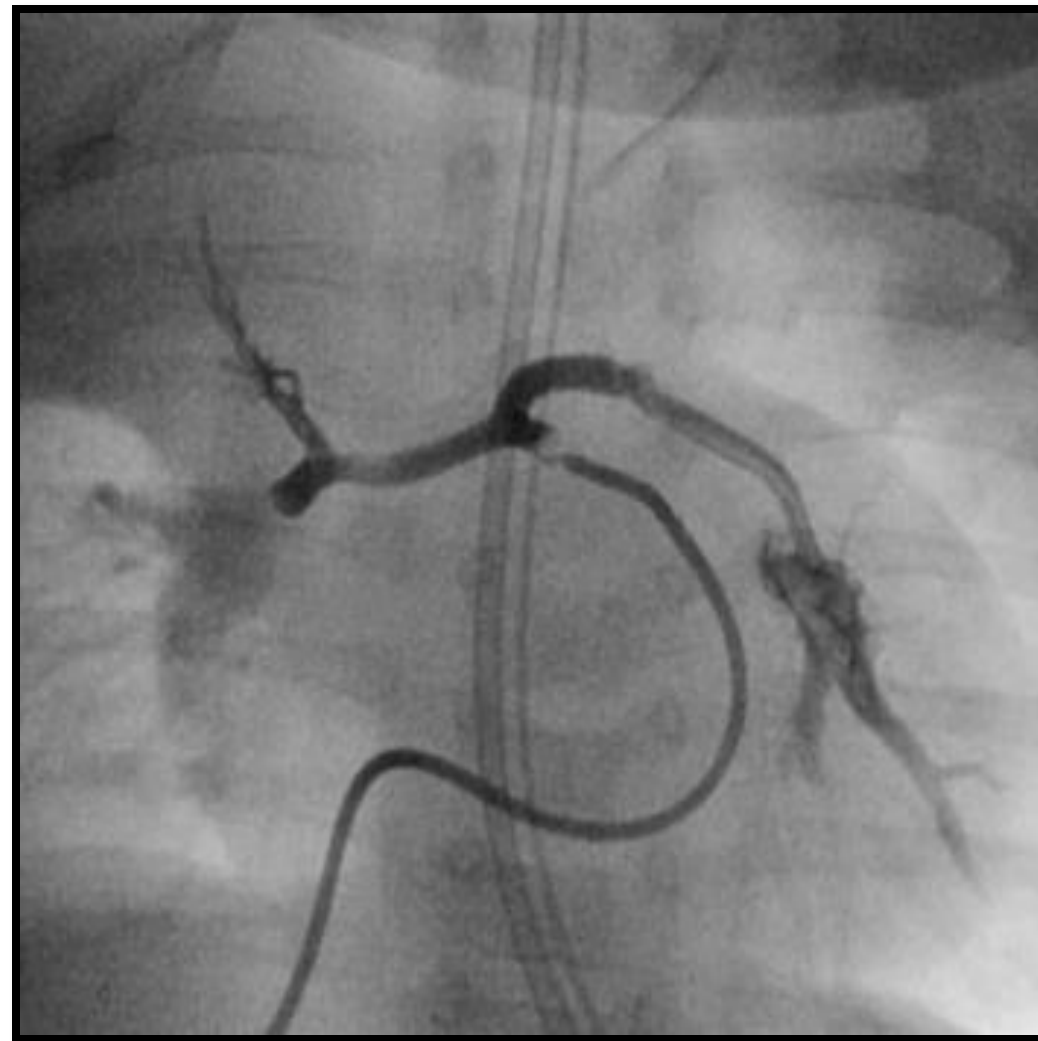
Patient Specific Factors



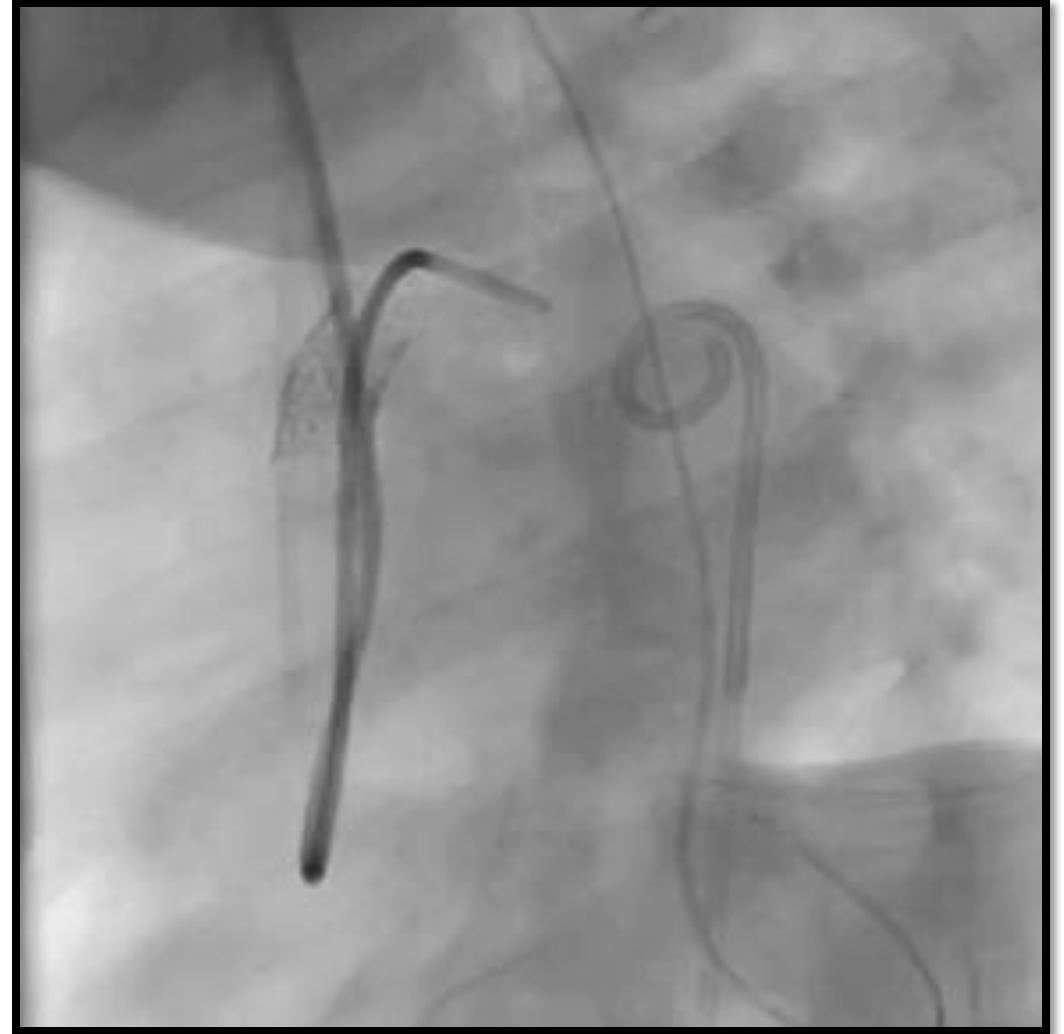
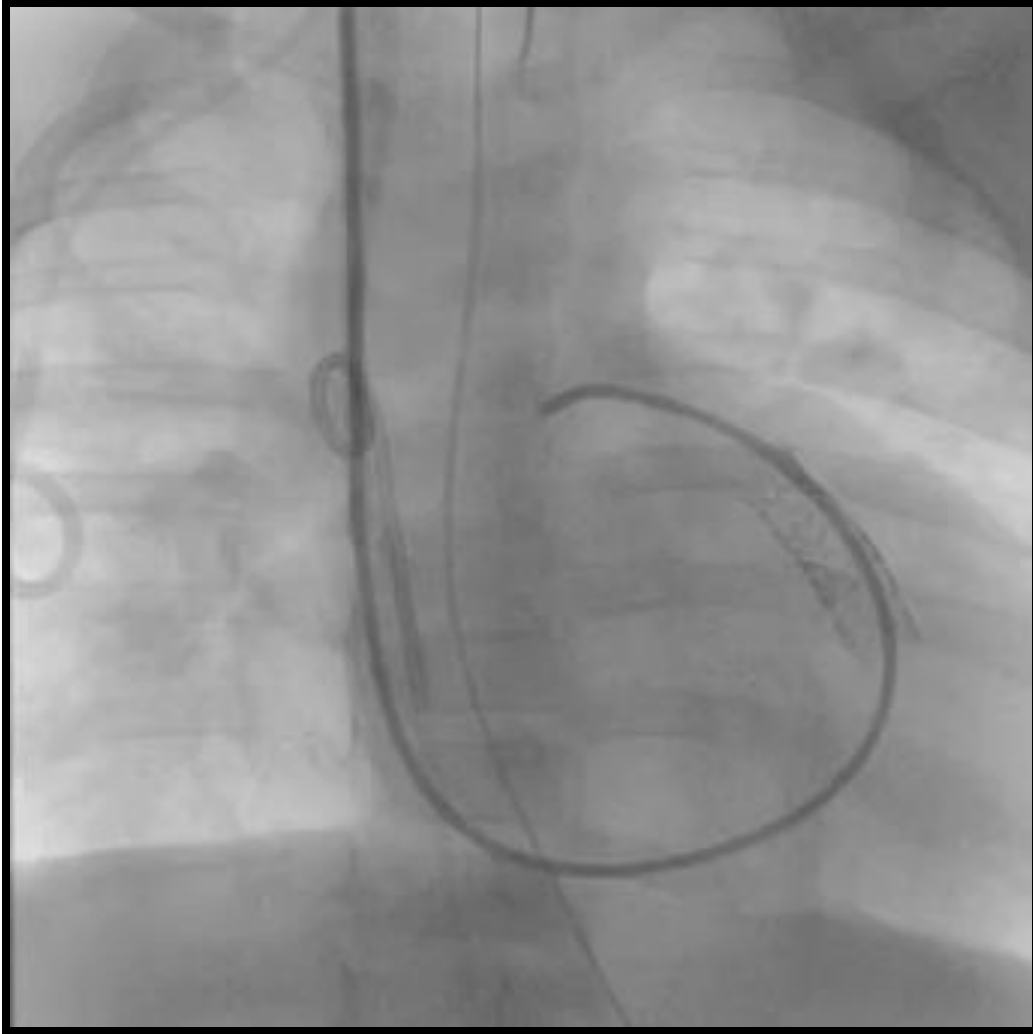
MAPCA's – Grow Native PA's



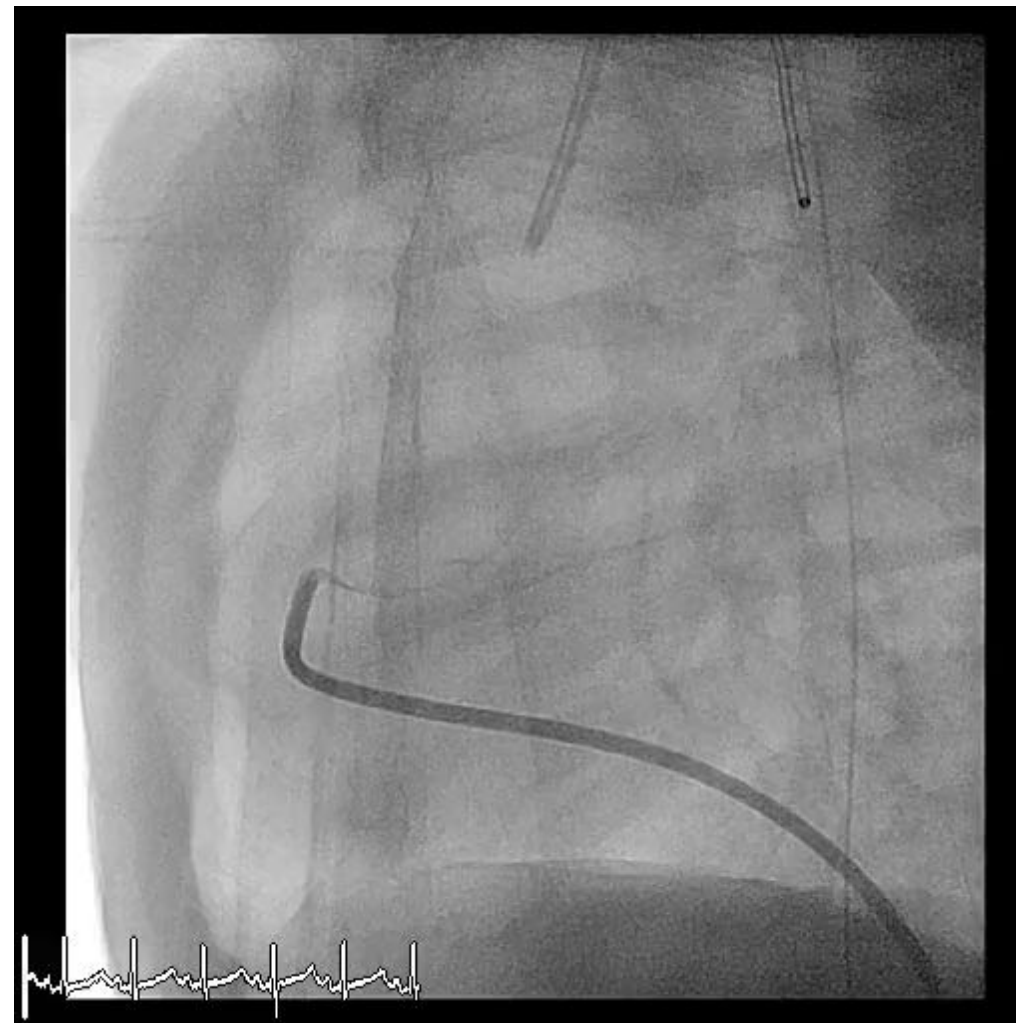
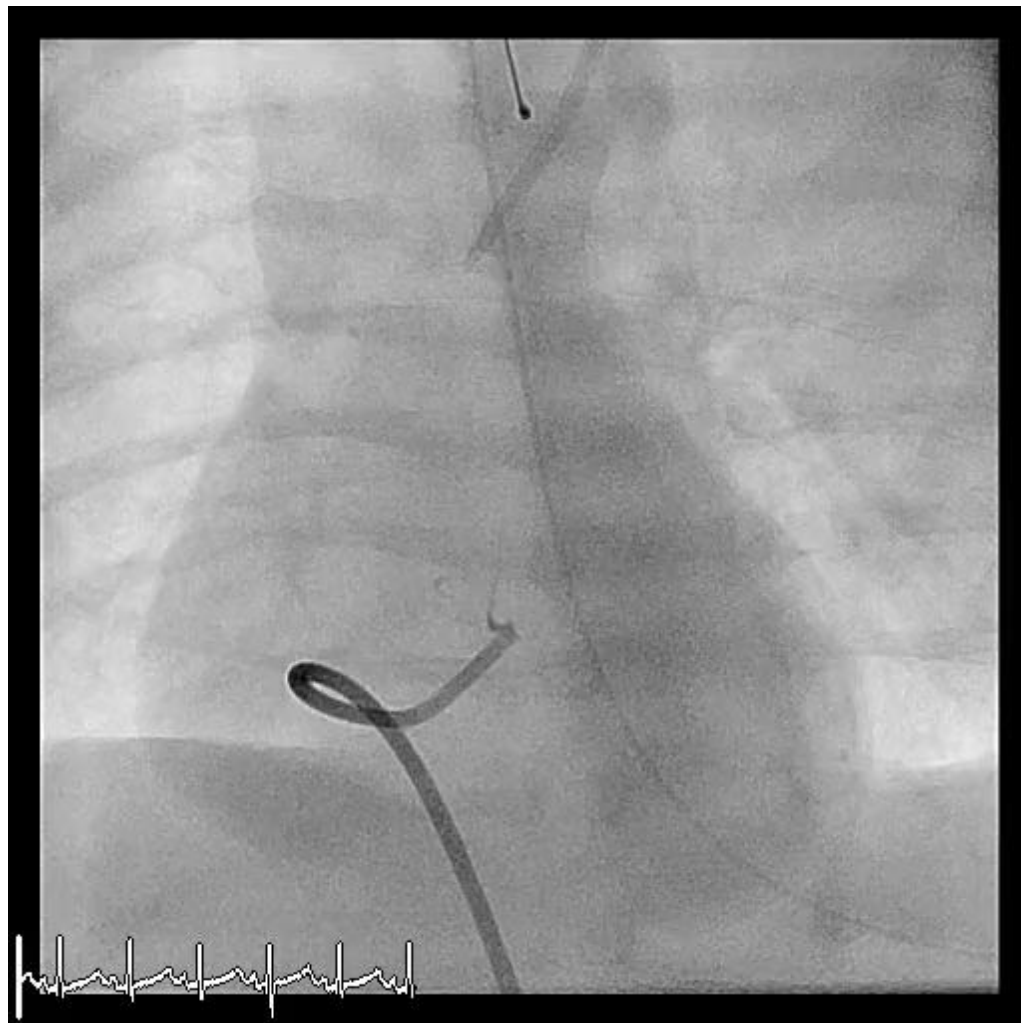
More MAPCA's



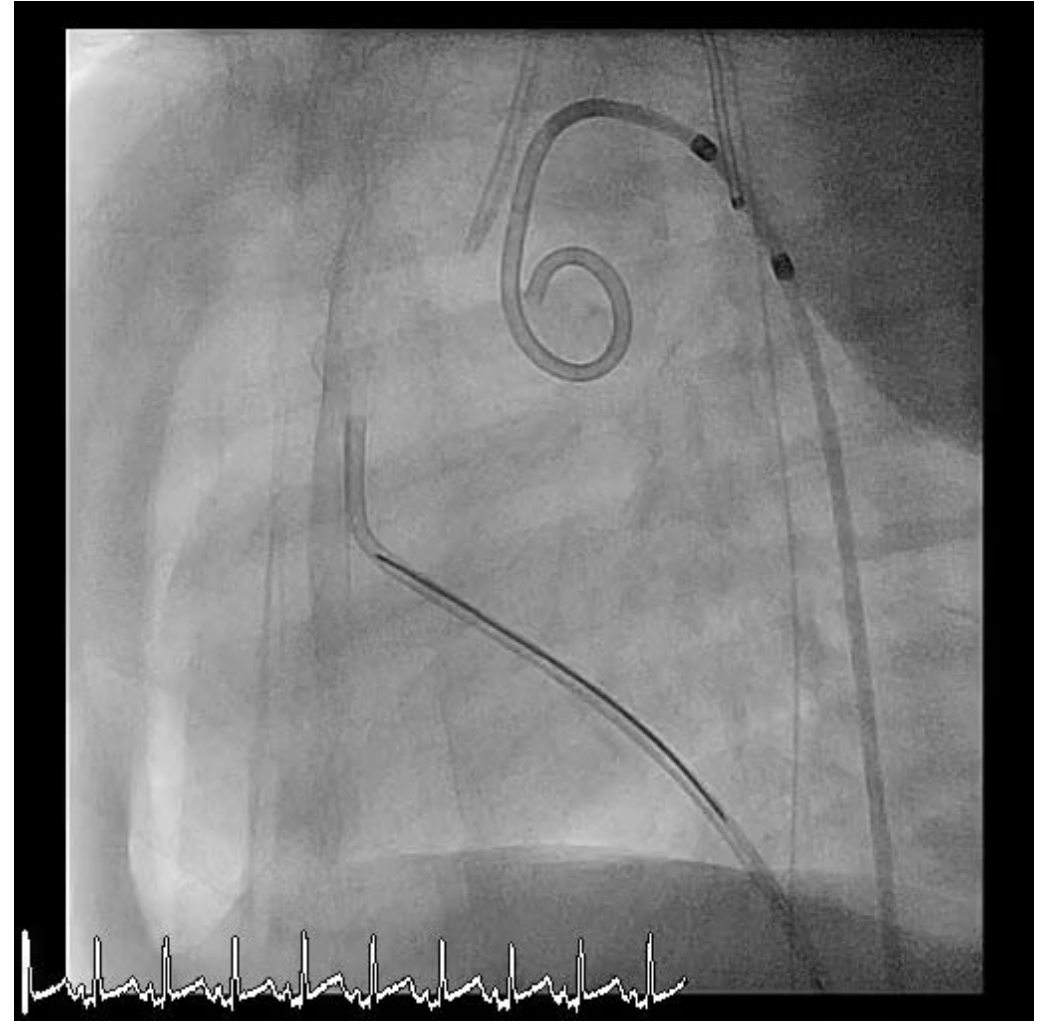
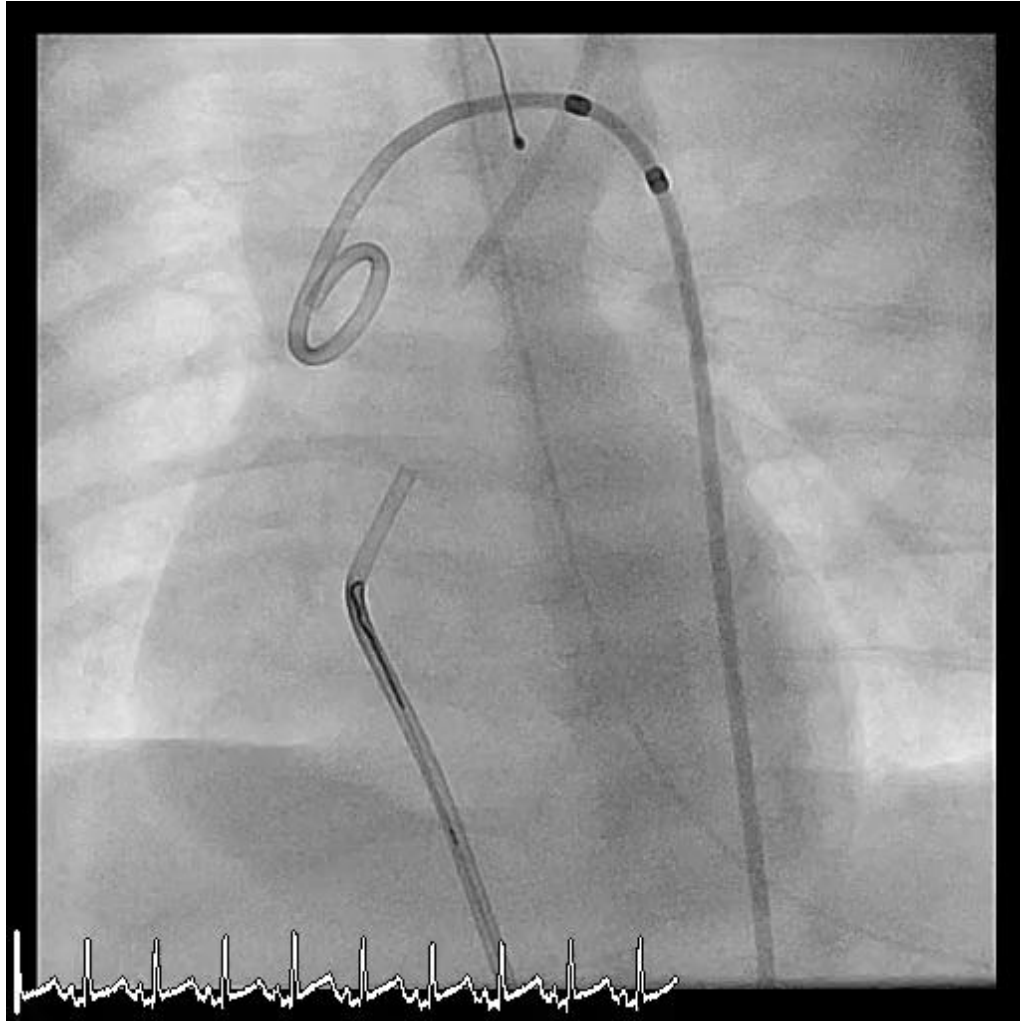
RVOT Stent to Promote PA Growth



Patient Specific Factors



? ARCAPA



Central Surt

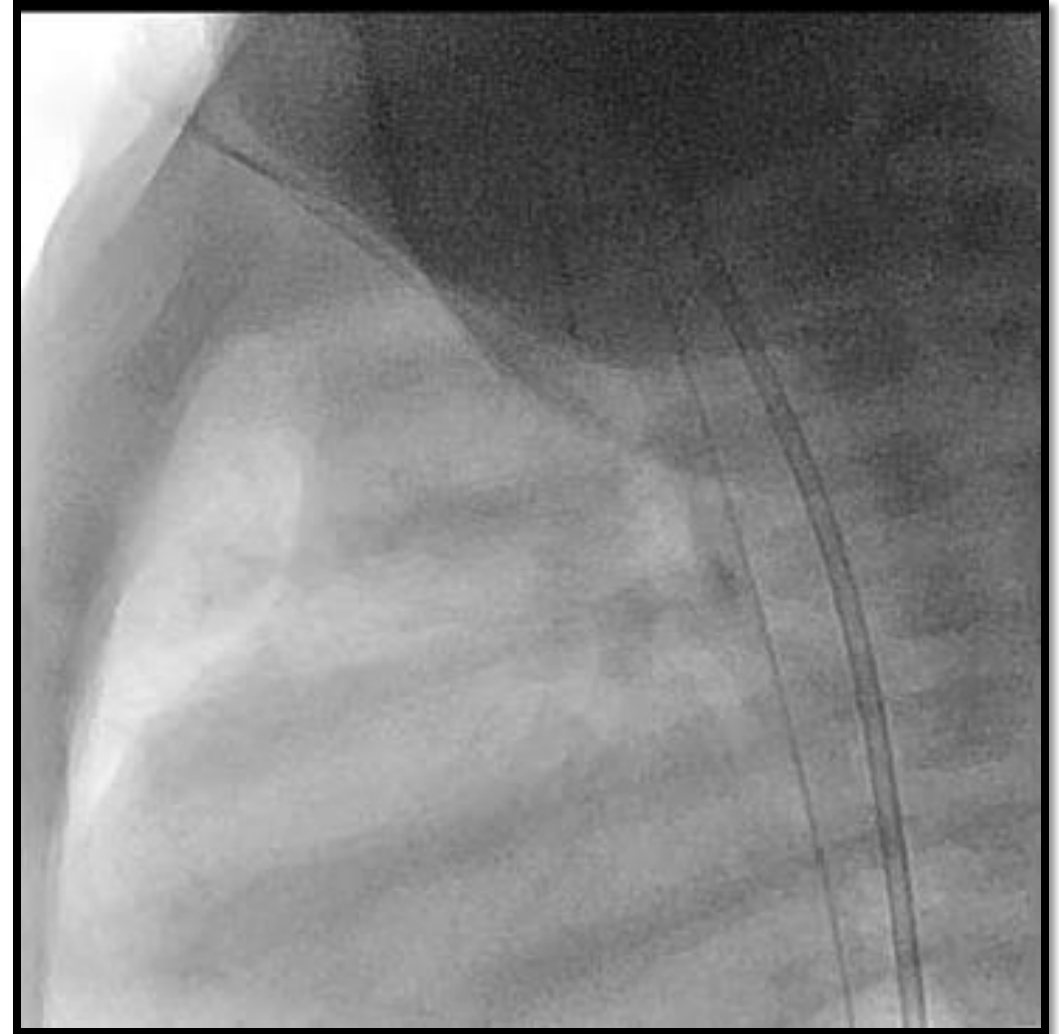
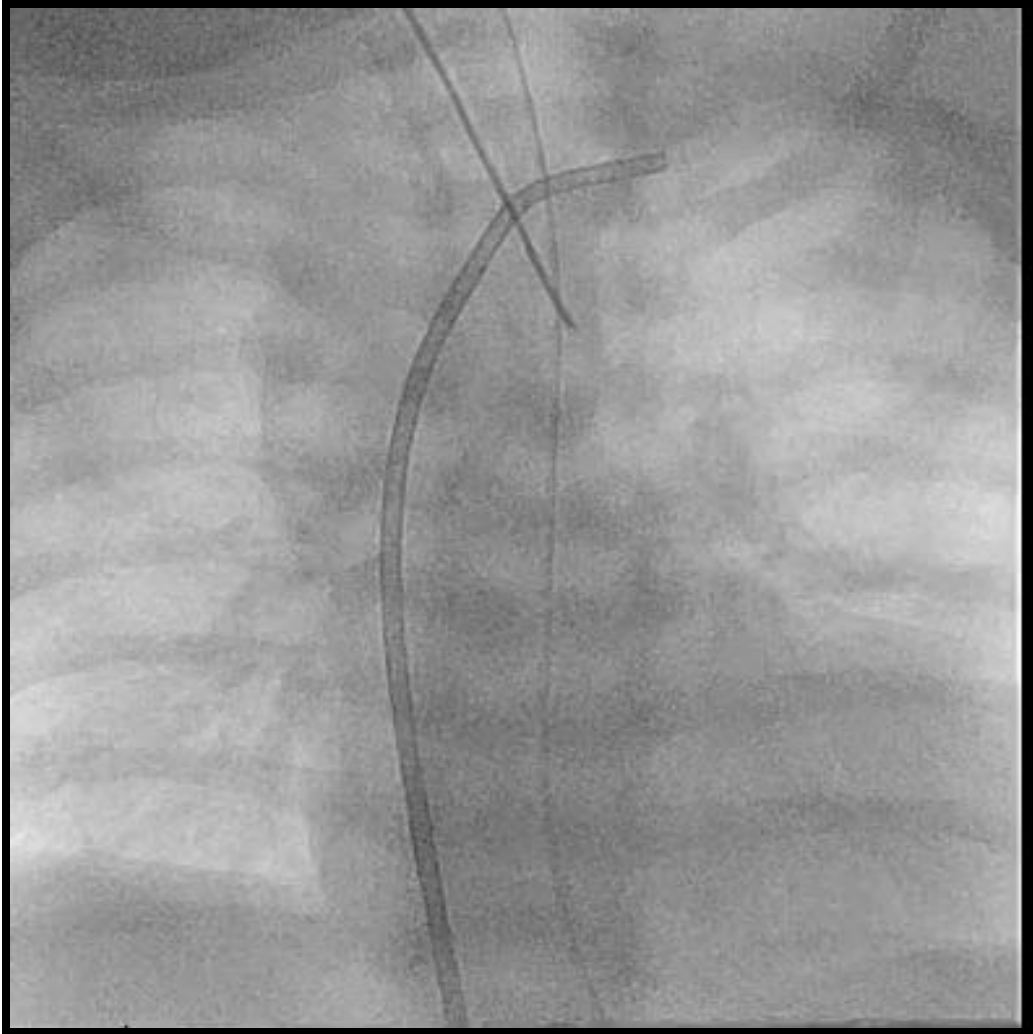


> [Catheter Cardiovasc Interv.](#) 2022 Jul;100(1):105-112. doi: 10.1002/ccd.30223. Epub 2022 May 11.

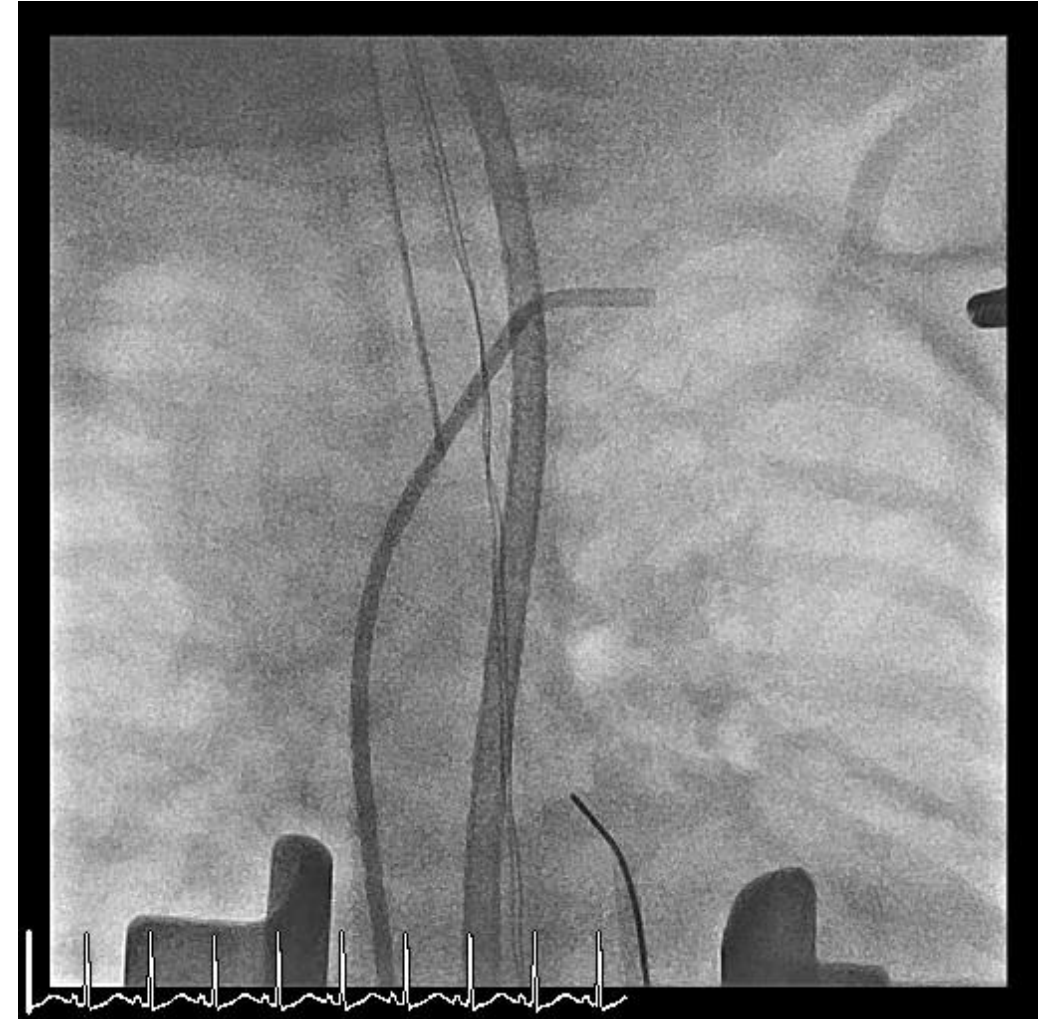
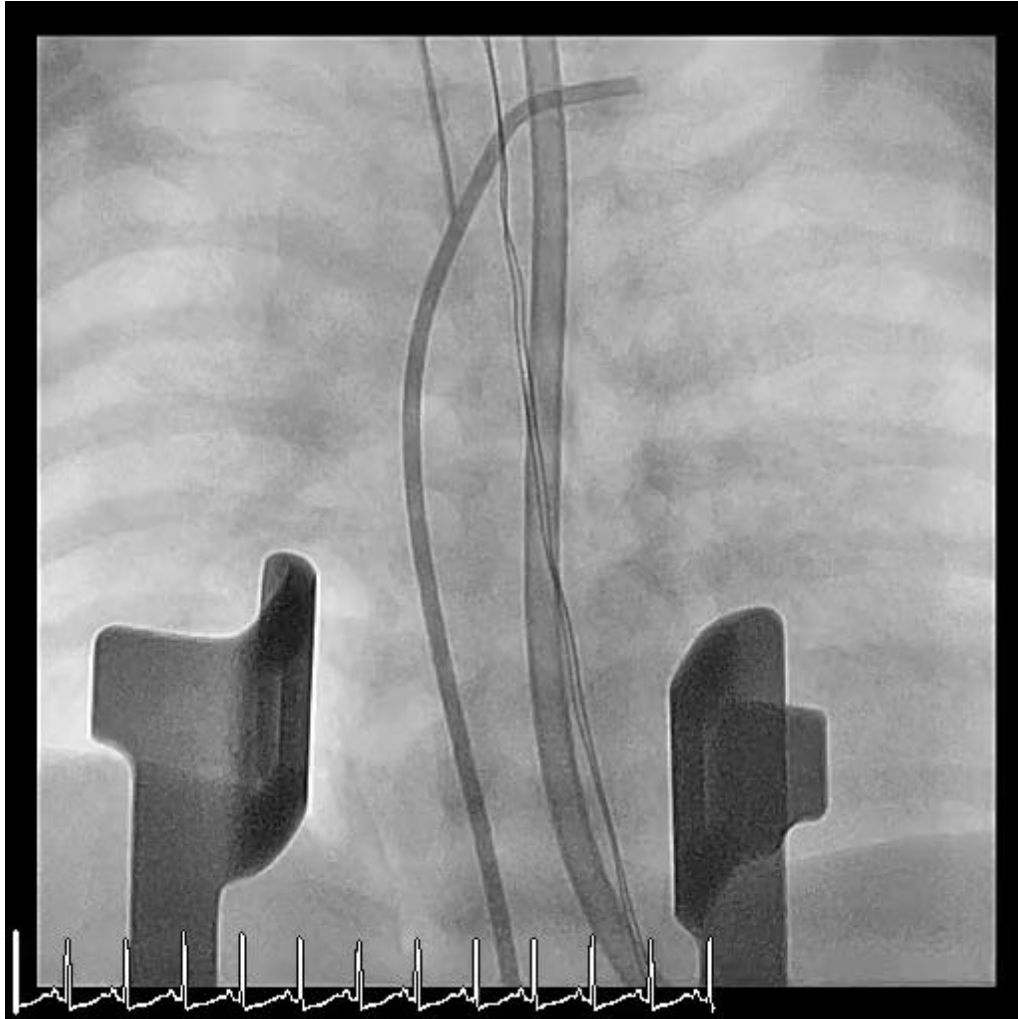
Anomalous coronary artery in Tetralogy of Fallot– Feasibility of right ventricular outflow tract stenting as initial palliation

Ahmed R S A Afifi^{1 2}, Chetan Mehta¹, Vinay Bhole¹, Milind Chaudhari¹, Natasha E Khan³,
Timothy J Jones³, Oliver Stumper¹

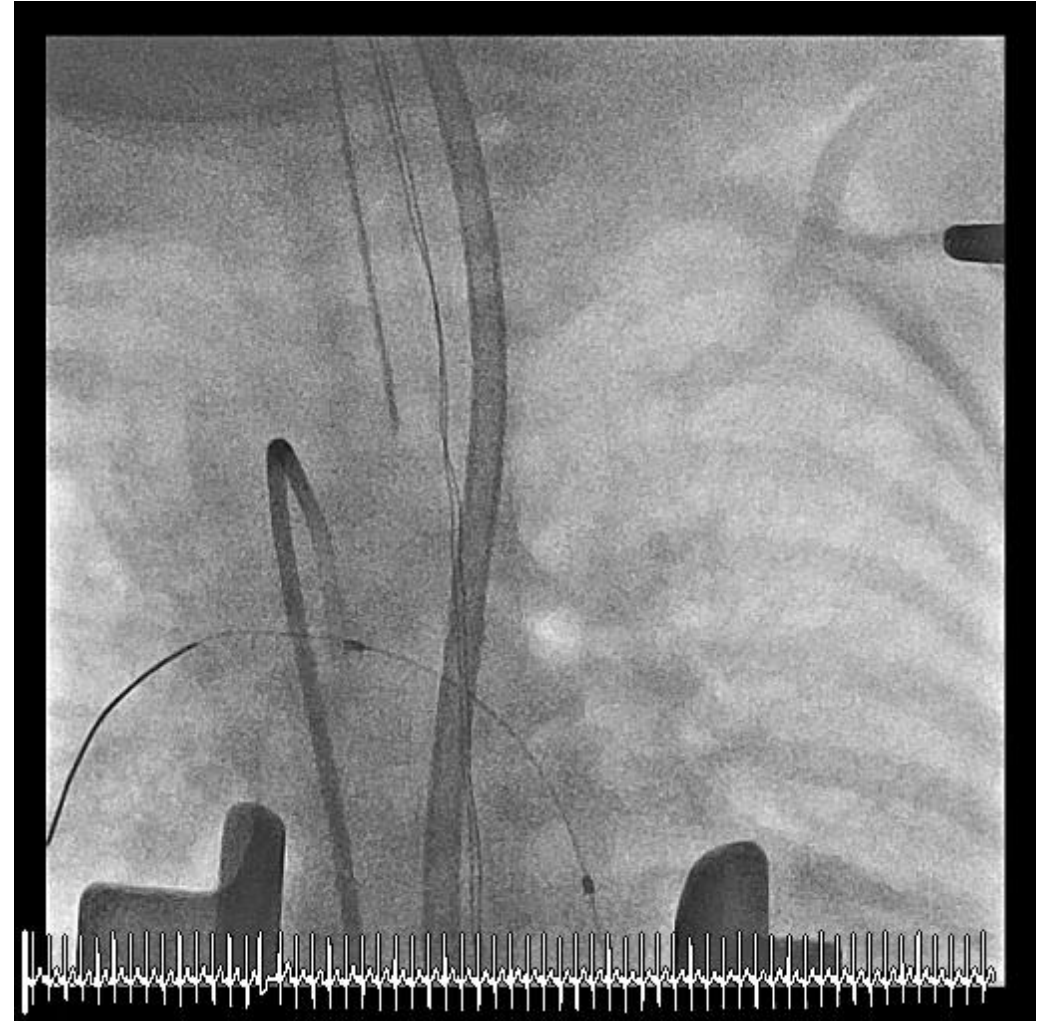
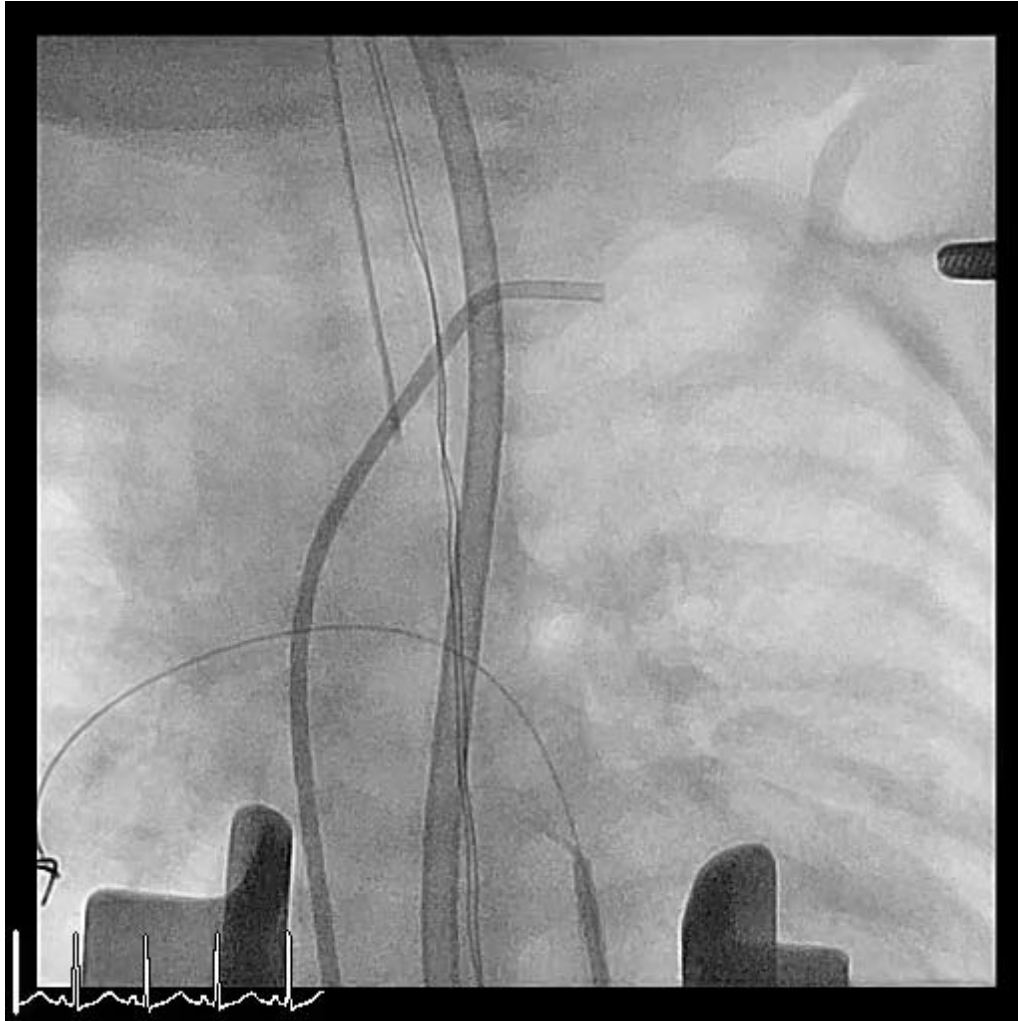
No PDA and No RVOTO



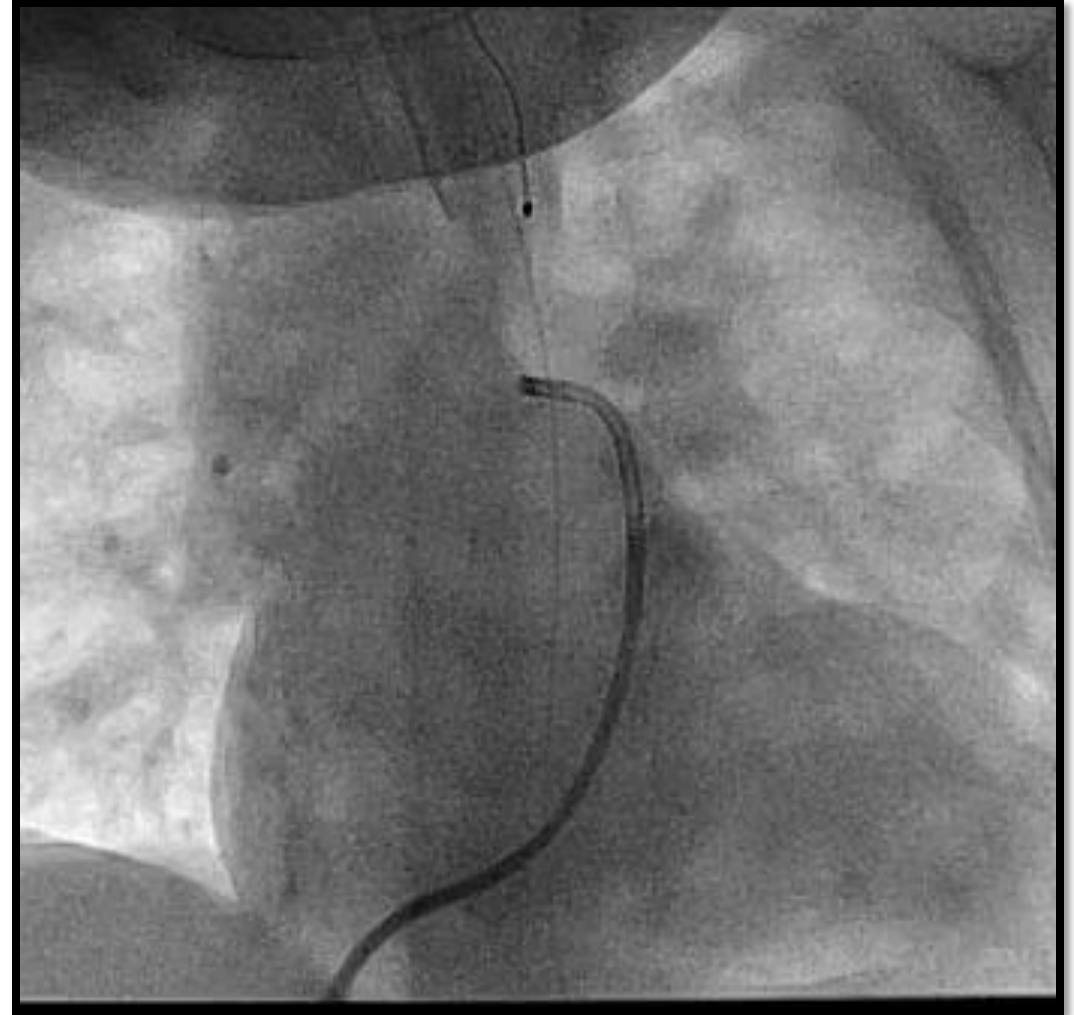
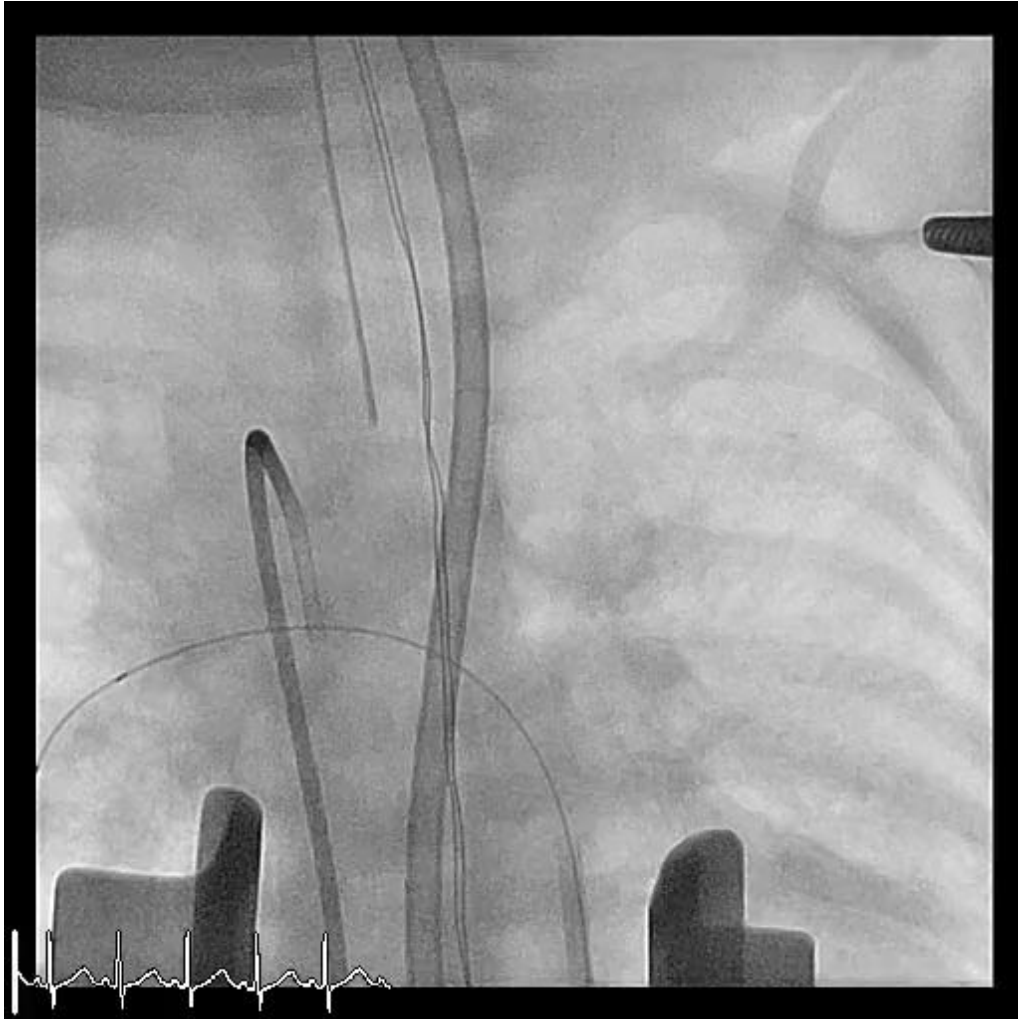
Hybrid Approach



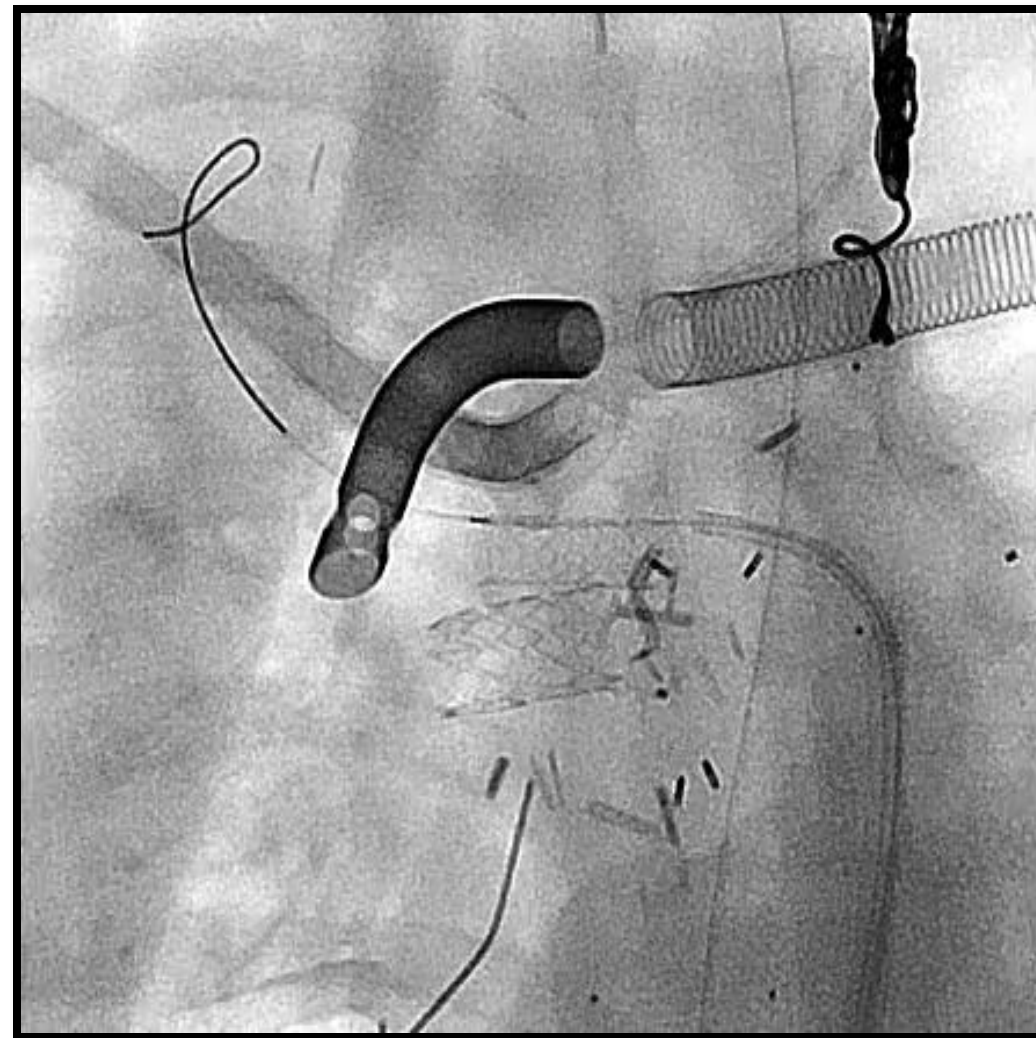
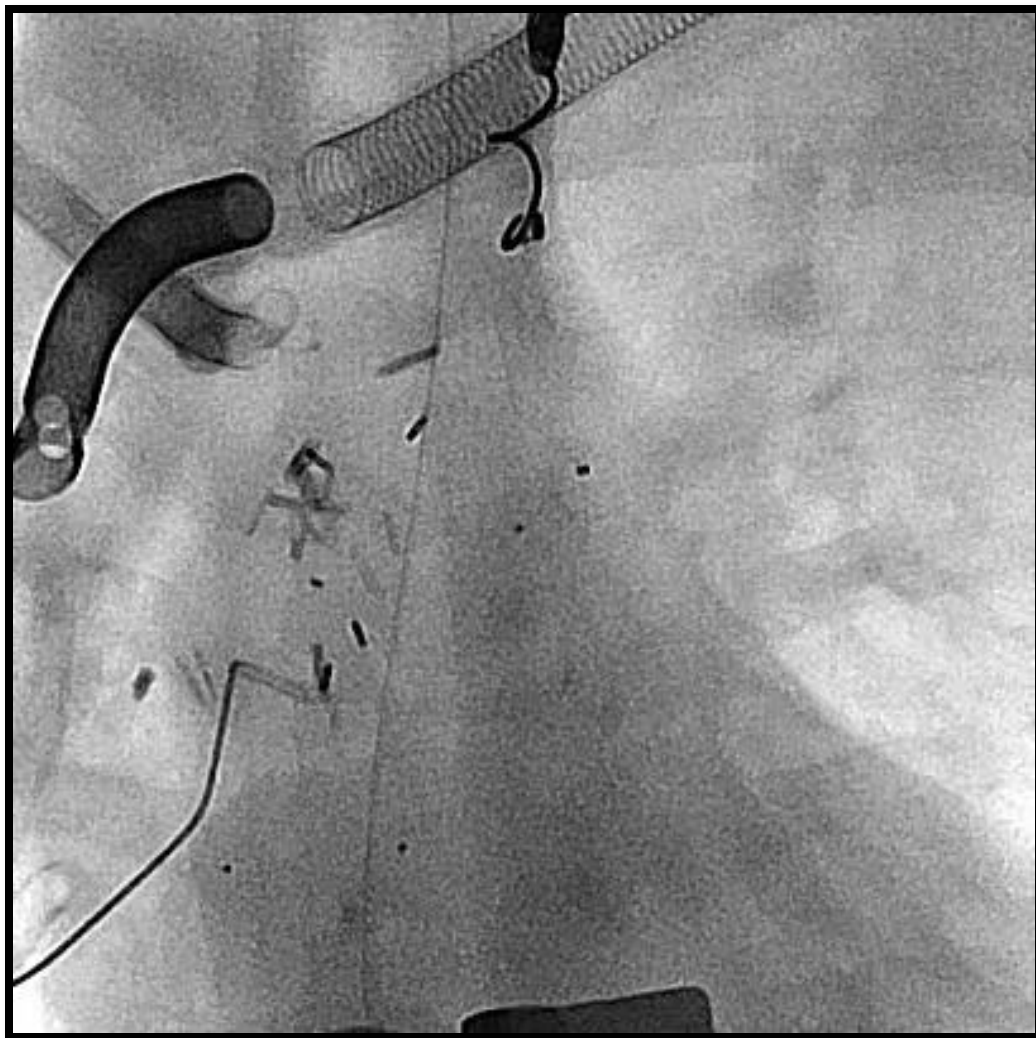
Proximity to Ao and PA Origins

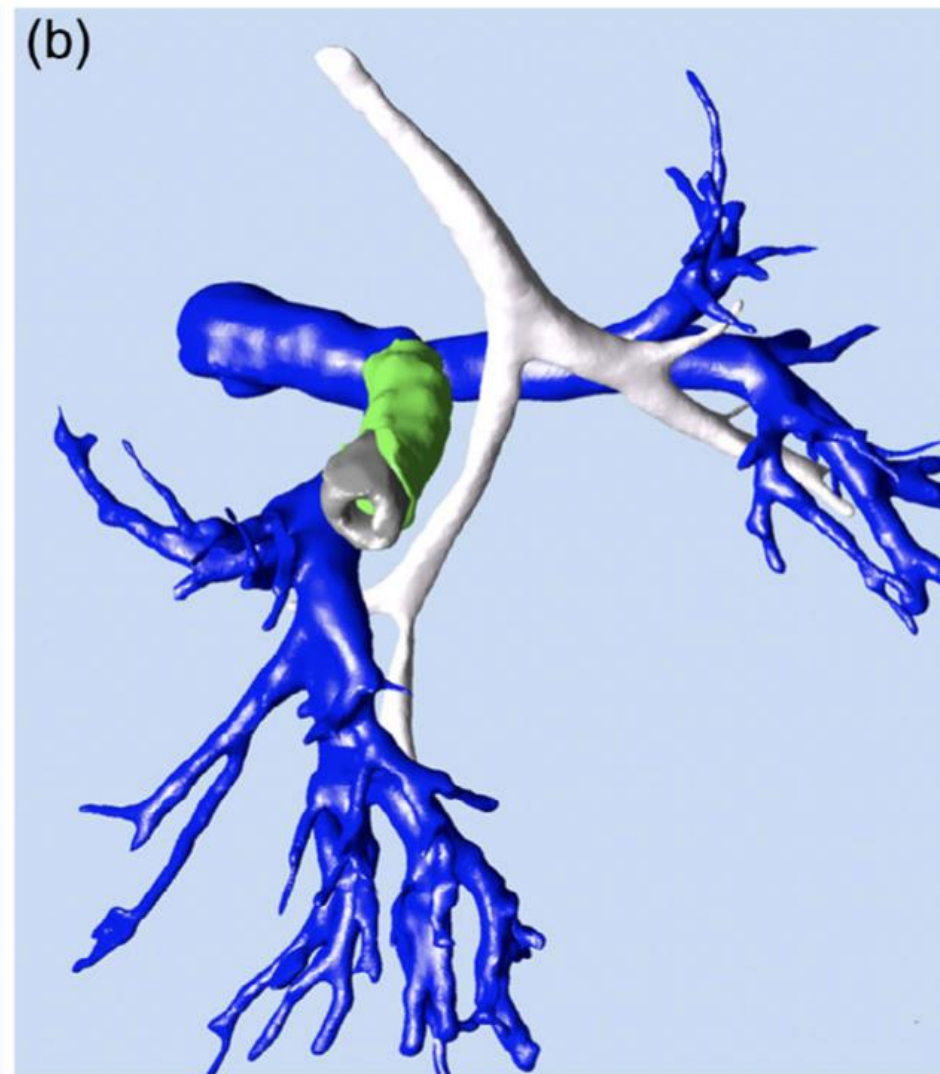
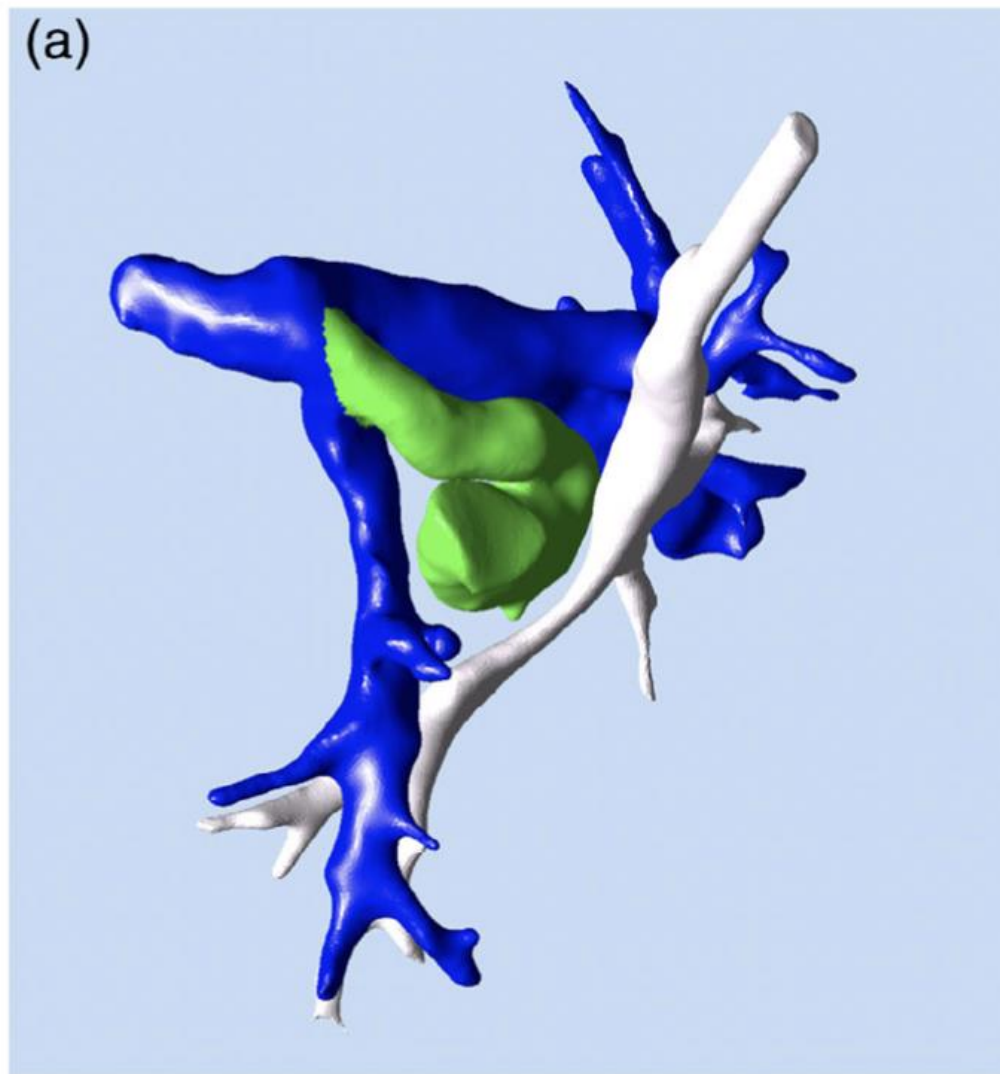


Result and Follow-Up

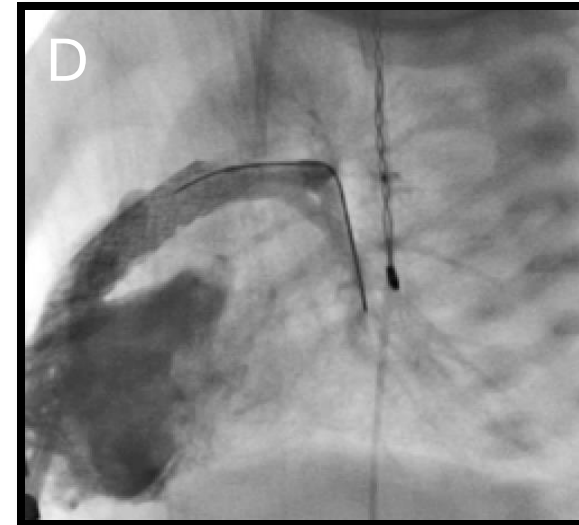
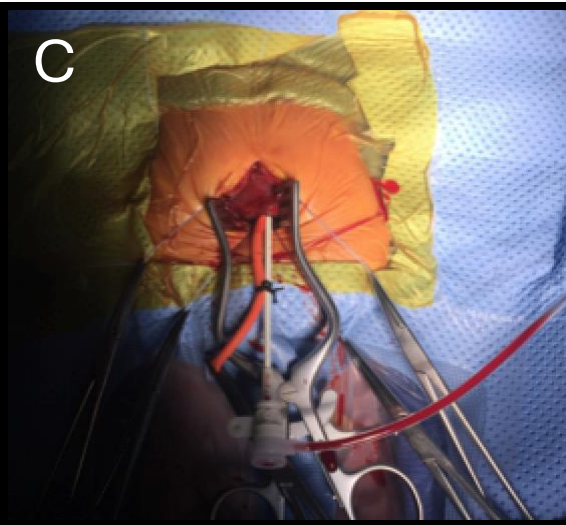
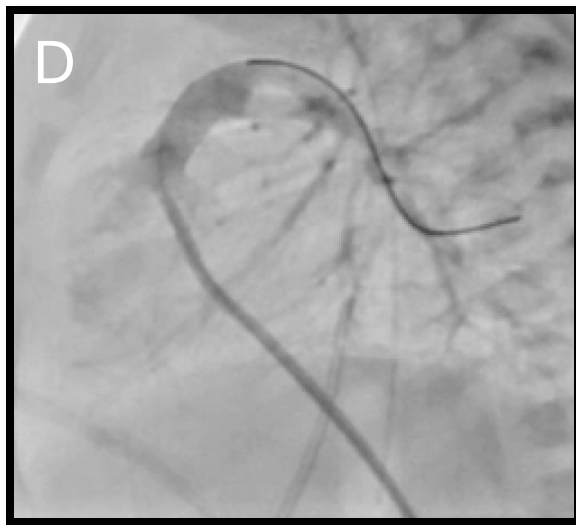
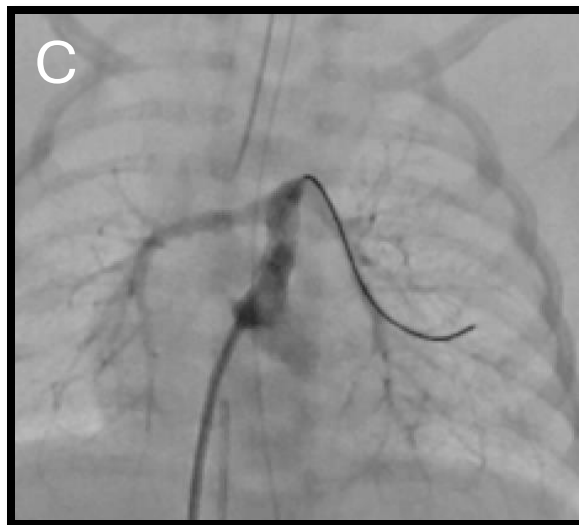
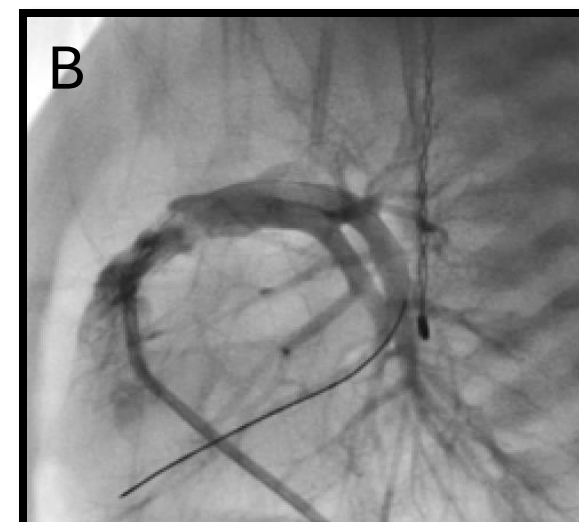
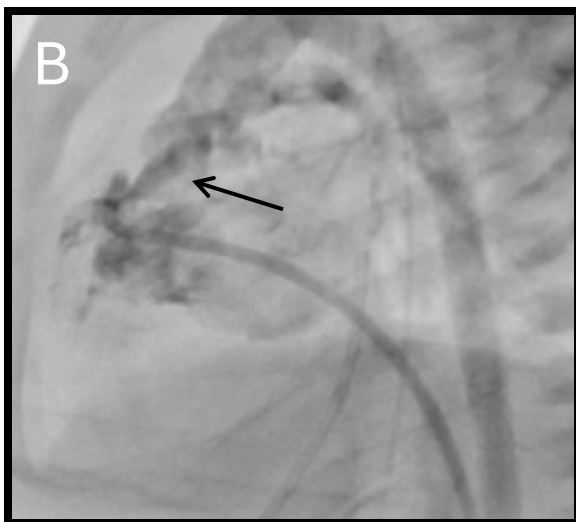
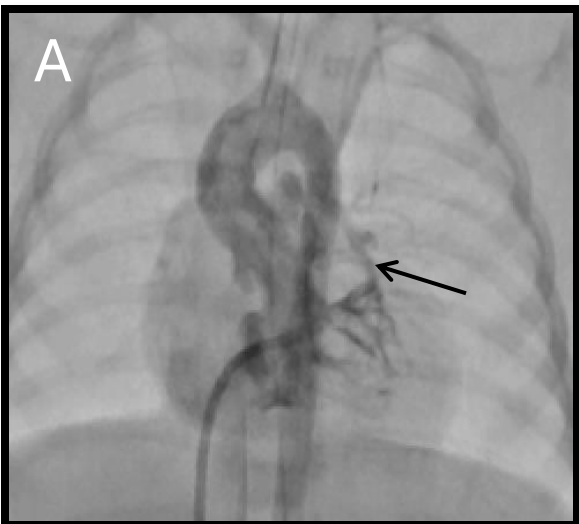


Final Result





< 2 Kgs





In Conclusion....

- Staged Repair in symptomatic infants...Indication!
- Intervention as primary approach
- RVOT stent preferable
- Patient specific factors – Collaborate!
- Avoid Myopic Thinking

SAVE THE DATE
2025

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www.picsymposium.com www.CHDInterventions.org



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